



ACTLABS.COM

GEOCHEMISTRY SCHEDULE OF SERVICES & FEES

EUROPEAN 2026



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Dr. Eric L. Hoffman

A Tribute to Dr. Eric Laurence Hoffman

Eric Laurence Hoffman, Ph.D, P.Ge, President and founder of Activation Laboratories Ltd. (Actlabs), passed away on July 10, 2015.

Eric was an economic geologist with over 30 years of experience in minerals exploration, analysis, and management. In 1974, he received his Bachelor of Science (Hons.) in Geology and his Masters of Science in Geology in 1975, both from McGill University. He received his Ph.D. in Geology from the University of Toronto in 1978 and became a registered Professional Geoscientist (P.Ge) in Ontario in 2002.

In 1978 at the young age of 35, he established Nuclear Activation Services Ltd., a partnership with McMaster University and the first commercial instrumental neutron activation laboratory in the world. In 1987,

Eric established Activation Laboratories Ltd. (Actlabs) Group of Companies with a focus on commercializing innovative technologies with the highest quality standards to the minerals, metallurgy, petroleum, life sciences, environmental, forensics, materials testing, and agriculture industries, achieving global success by building and running a company with 21 laboratories and 1000 employees in 10 countries. In 2014, Actlabs new 200,000 sq. ft. global headquarters was officially opened, a milestone for Actlabs growth and a symbol of how much he accomplished.

Eric received many honours and awards, including a 1971-72 JW McConnell Undergraduate Scholarship, a 1972-73 RPD Graham Undergraduate Scholarship; a 1973-74 Logan Undergraduate Scholarship; the 1974 Logan Gold Medal in Geology for Highest Standing and graduated with First Class Honours with Great Distinction; 1974-75, 1975-76, 1976-77, and 1977-78 National Research Council of Canada Postgraduate Scholarships; 1978-79 and 1979-80 NRC Post-Doctoral Industrial Fellowships; a 2009 Canadian Innovation Leader award from Government of Canada, and the 2013 Gold Medal from the Association of Applied Geochemists. The AAG Gold Medal was awarded in recognition of Eric's career as an industry leader in bringing novel analytical techniques to commercial fruition. He anticipated the evolving needs of the applied geochemist through technique design and instrument modification for a wide variety of sample media – key to longer term success as exploration has moved into progressively more difficult concealed terranes.

Eric was greatly admired and deeply respected by all who knew him. He was an excellent businessman, a great innovator, a valuable contributor to the geochemistry community, a champion of geochemical research, and an icon of the Canadian mineral exploration scene. Eric published consistently throughout his career, was always in attendance at scientific meetings to present and promote the latest in techniques and instrumentation in geochemical exploration. In addition to his close work with industry, hundreds of research papers in the peer-reviewed literature bear the mark of Actlabs' contributions and Eric's direct input. He was a strong supporter and sponsor of collaborative industry-university research projects in Canada and abroad. He will be missed by all who interacted with him for his drive and energy.

The Actlabs Team is committed to carrying-on Eric's dream and ensuring the success of Actlabs. We've put in place plans to ensure that the company stays strong and thriving, especially through these depressed times in the industry. We will continue to provide industry leading high quality analyses and innovative technologies as this is what Eric would have wanted.

A Memorial Scholarship at the University of Toronto was established in his memory. This Earth Sciences graduate scholarship will be able to help future students advance a field that Eric was so passionate about.

We miss him a lot, but his memory will never be forgotten and his legacy will live forever.

General Information

Sample Packaging & Shipping Instructions

The following advice will help ensure your samples arrive at the lab safely and avoid processing delays:

- Please limit sample shipping bags to a maximum weight of 18kg or 40 lbs each for the health and safety of everyone handling the bags during shipping and receiving
- Clearly identify samples with a unique identification number or name using waterproof ink on the sample bags and/or sample tags in the sample bags
- Securely package all samples and place them in your shipping containers (e.g. bags, pails or boxes) in order
- Submit samples in an organized fashion to avoid extra sorting charges and help get them in process sooner
- Sealed plastic bags are best for shipping pulps
- If using pop top vials or glass bottles, ensure that they are taped shut and protected from breakage
- Fill out a Request for Analysis Form (available from www.actlabs.com) as completely as possible and submit it with each batch of samples. Include the carrier or shipment method and the waybill number on the form to allow us to track delayed shipments
- Clearly identify all shipping containers with your contact information, the destination address, and sequential number. Place hard-copies of the Request for Analysis (RFA) Form and a sample list in the first shipping container and email digital copies to your destination lab to help get your samples in process sooner and ensure the accuracy of the sample ids in your report. Actlabs' receiving locations and general email addresses are listed on page 44 (back cover)
- Before shipping soils or vegetation samples from outside Canada to Actlabs in Canada, contact us for specific labelling and shipping instructions to avoid border delays
- This is not an exhaustive list, so please contact us with any questions, or to discuss your project requirements, as we are happy to help

Actlabs provides the following sampling supplies on request:

- Poly-weave shipping bags, heavy duty plastic sample bags, cable ties, and soil envelopes are available for a fee
- Complimentary shipping labels and sample tags

Quality Statement

Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA/QC) is an integral aspect of our analyses and is a key component to Actlabs' vision, strategy and mission. Actlabs' Quality System monitors all steps and phases of our operations. Our Quality System outlines comprehensive details concerning our facilities, personnel qualifications, and processes used. Additionally, we are routinely audited by four regulatory agencies that focus on continual improvement. As a result, we continue to raise the bar with respect to the quality of our services in order to exceed their expectations and those of our clients.

Actlabs' Quality System is registered to international quality standards through the International Organization for Standardization / International Electrotechnical Commission (ISO/IEC) 17025:2017 (including ISO 9001:2015 and ISO 9002 specifications). Actlabs is accredited to the Standards Council of Canada (SCC) Requirements and Guidance for the Accreditation of Testing Laboratories, specific to mineral, forensic and environmental testing laboratories. The accreditation program includes ongoing audits which verify the Quality Management System and all applicable accredited test methods.

Report Formats

All reports and invoices will be emailed in PDF format and data sent in a digital format such as Excel or CSV to the email addresses that you specify on the Request for Analysis Form submitted with the samples. Custom report formats are also available so please contact us to discuss your specific requirements. Hard copies of reports or invoices are only available by special request and may incur additional cost.

Turnaround Time

Actlabs defines Turnaround Time (TAT) as the time from receiving a batch of samples at our laboratory with clear identification and analysis instructions, until we report the analysis results to you.

Routine TAT for a batch of samples depends on the number of samples, the preparation and analysis methods required, and current laboratory workloads; therefore, TAT may be variable based on the sample batch and the time of year submitted. Also, excessively wet samples or undocumented and / or unorganized shipments may slow down TAT. Contact us for a TAT estimate based on your planned project specifics or when you submit a batch of samples.

Priority or Rush TAT may be available depending on current laboratory workloads. If you require analysis results by a certain date, contact us to discuss your requirements before submitting the samples so we can confirm availability and what price surcharge is applicable. Once we have agreed on an estimated rush TAT, your samples will be prioritised, we will make every effort to report your results as close as possible to the agreed due date, and the agreed price surcharge will be applied.

WebLIMS

Clients can track their sample status from reception through logging, preparation, analysis and reporting, and access their final analysis results on-line, via secure login to our WebLIMS system. Please contact customerservice@actlabs.com to establish a WebLIMS account for your project.

For International Samples into Canada - Waybill Instructions: Mineral Samples for Analysis, No Commercial Value. Value for Customs: US\$5.00. Canadian Customs Tariff (Harmonized Code) 2617.90.00.00. Customs Broker: Thompson Ahern & Co Ltd.

Sample Preparation

Actlabs can advise on sample preparation methods to meet your project objectives. The selection of appropriate sample preparation methods and the quality of the process is critical for obtaining meaningful analytical results. Our standard preparation methods provide industry-leading quality through finer, more consistent, crushing; using mild-steel mills which do not introduce Cr or Ni; cleaning the pulveriser bowl with cleaner sand after each sample; and monitoring that crushing and pulverising particle size specifications are met. These steps provide more representative sub-samples and eliminate potential sample contamination for more accurate results.

Actlabs has implemented custom-designed robotic rock and core sample preparation that replicates and augments our manual sample preparation methods and provides the same quality with increased productivity and improved safety.

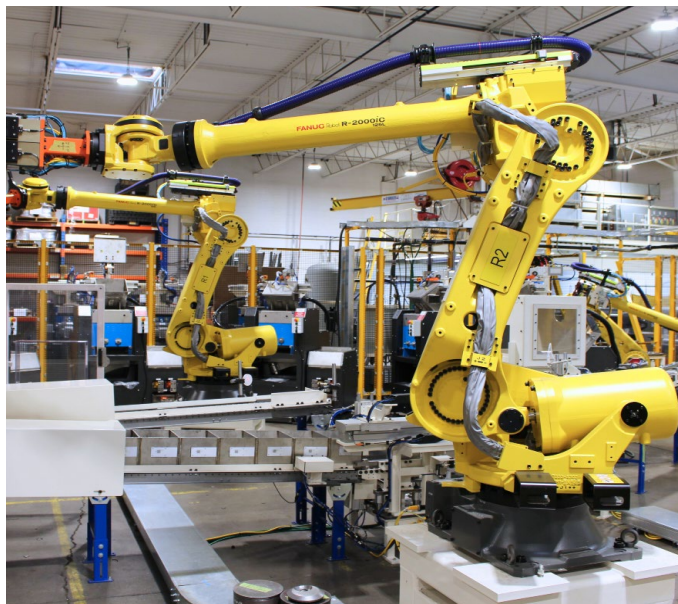
Our Sample Preparation pricing is all-inclusive including sorting, drying, labeling, crushing samples up to 7 kg, new reject bags, and sand cleaning of the pulveriser after each sample for peace of mind in budgeting and data quality.

Rock, Core and Drill Cuttings		
Code	Description	Price
RX1	Dry, crush (< 7 kg) up to 80% passing 2 mm, riffle split (250 g) and pulverize (mild steel) to 95% passing 105 µm	€10.70
RX1-RTRN	Dry, crush (< 7 kg) up to 80% passing 2 mm, riffle split (250 g) and pulverize (mild steel) to 95% passing 105 µm. Supply and return processed crushed rock and pulverized material to client.	€10.90
RX1-ORE	Dry, crush up to 90% passing 2 mm	add €2.00
RX1+500	500 grams pulverized	add €1.15
RX1+800	800 grams pulverized	add €1.90
RX1+1000	1000 grams pulverized	add €2.45
RX1-SD	Dry, crush (< 7 kg) up to 80% passing 2 mm, rotary split (250 g) and pulverized (mild steel) to 95% passing 105µm	€10.70
RX1-SD-ORE	Dry, crush up to 90% passing 2 mm	add €2.00
RX3	Oversize charge per kilogram for crushing	€1.15
RX4	Pulverization only (mild steel) (coarse pulp or crushed rock) (< 800 g)	€6.00
RX4-S250	Riffle split 250g and pulverize (mild steel) to 95% passing 105 µm	€7.25
RX4-S500	Riffle split 500g and pulverize (mild steel) to 95% passing 105 µm	€8.25
RX4-S1000	Riffle split 1000g and pulverize (mild steel) to 95% passing 105 µm	€9.20
RX5	Pulverize ceramic (100 g)	€17.65
RX6	Hand pulverize small samples (agate mortar & pestle) (<5g)	€17.65
RX7	Dry, crush (<7 kg) and split (500g)	€5.80
RX8	Sample prep only surcharge, no analyses	€5.05
RX9	Compositing (per composite) dry weight	€4.20
RX10	Weight (kg) as received	€1.70
RX11	Checking quality of pulps or rejects prepared by other labs and issuing report	€9.00
RX14	Core cutting	On Request
RX15	Special Preparation/Hour	€65.25
RX16	Specific Gravity on Core	€14.25
RX16-W	Specific Gravity (WAX) on friable samples	€20.45
RX17	Specific Gravity on the pulp	€15.00
RX17-GP	Specific Gravity on the pulp by gas pycnometer	€15.75
RX18	Subsample split for 3rd party (up to 1kg)	€2.65

Notes: Larger sample sizes than listed above can be pulverized at additional cost.

Code RX1-ORE is recommended for highly mineralised samples, providing finer crushing for a more representative sub-sample.

Request code RX7 for preparation of samples requiring PhotonAssay analysis.



All soil, sediment and vegetation samples received from outside Canada require incineration prior to disposal under Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA) regulations so incineration charges will apply as listed in the table below

Sample Preparation Packages

Humus and Vegetation		
Code	Description	Price
B1	Drying and blending humus	€5.25
B2	Drying and macerating vegetation	€8.65
B3	Dry ashing	€10.50
B4	Washing vegetation	€4.90
B5	Samples submitted in plastic bags, add	€2.05

Special Digestion Procedures		
MDI	Microwave digestion - closed vessel	On Request



Sample Return, Disposal, and Storage

Please indicate on your Request for Analysis Form if your samples should be returned, disposed, or stored after analysis. Material is stored free of charge for a limited time after the date the final report is issued. If no instructions are received for sample return or storage, Actlabs reserves the right to dispose of the material after 45 days and disposal charges will apply. Material stored long-term will be subject to storage charges, billed quarterly. For returns, please include all necessary shipping information e.g., courier, account number, etc.

Irradiated material will be discarded 30 days after analysis unless prior arrangements are made. Return of radioactive material requires a Nuclear Safety Commission license. The cost per shipment of radioactive materials is \$187.50 plus shipping costs.

Code	Description	Price
H&R	Handling and retrieval of stored sample material	€56.25 / hour
RTRN	Shipping cost (only if shipped on Actlabs account)	Cost + 15%
DISP1	Disposal of pulps to landfill site, per sample	€0.40
DISP2	Disposal of reject to landfill site, per sample	€1.00
INCIN	Incineration of soil, sediment and vegetation samples from outside Canada for samples up to 0.5 kg, per sample	€0.95
	Additional charge for samples >0.5 kg	€0.25 / kg
STORE 1	Monthly storage of rejects after 45 days, per sample	€0.70
STORE 2	Monthly storage of pulps after 45 days, per sample	€0.40
STORE 3	Monthly storage of sieve rejects after 45 days, per sample	€0.40

Sample Preparation

Soils, Stream and Lake Bottom Sediments, and Heavy Minerals

Code	Description	Price
S1	Dry at 60°C & sieve to -177 µm (-80 mesh), save all portions, Up to 1Kg	€4.20
S1 DIS	Drying (60°C) and sieving (-177 µm), discard oversize	€4.00
S1-230	Drying (60°C) and sieving (-63 µm), save oversize	€5.35
S1-230 DIS	Drying (60°C) and sieving (-63 µm), discard oversize	€5.00
S2	Lake bottom sediment preparation crush & sieve (-177 µm)	€7.95
S3	Alternate size fractions and bracket sieving, add	€2.65
S4	Selective Extractions drying (40°C) & sieving (-177 µm)	€4.20
SGH-1	SGH drying (40°C) & sieving (-177 µm)	€4.20
S5	Wet or damp samples submitted in plastic bags, add	€1.90
S8	Particle Size Distribution (PSD) sieve analysis (4 sieve sizes) coarser than 53µm (270 mesh) and report weight of each fraction	€60.00
S9	Particle size analysis (laser)	On Request



Portable XRF Analysis of Pulverised Samples

Portable XRF (pXRF) analysis of pulverised samples provides rapid, cost-effective, semi-quantitative results to assist with timely decisions in the field while traditional lab analyses are completed and can augment 4-acid digestion data to assist with rock characterisation.

pXRF analysis is extremely susceptible to sample matrix effects so for optimal accuracy of pXRF data, contact us to discuss project specific calibration and matrix matched Certified Reference Materials (CRMs).



These packages are only available when other multi-element analysis is requested on the same sample. Contact us to request additional elements or custom packages.

Analysis by pXRF requires 15g of pulverised sample but is non-destructive so the material can be used for additional analyses if needed.

Code pXRF-1: For mineralised samples		Code pXRF-2: For non-mineralised samples	
	Detection Limit	Element	Detection Limit
As	50 - 20,000 ppm	Al	0.5 - 10 %
Ca	0.5 - 10 %	Ba	100 - 50,000 ppm
Co	100 - 20,000 ppm	Fe	0.5 - 35 %
Cr	100 - 50,000 ppm	K	0.3 - 10 %
Cu	50 - 50,000 ppm	Mn	0.1 - 10 %
Fe	0.5 - 35 %	P	0.3 - 5 %
Mn	100 - 100,000 ppm	Si	0.5 - 35 %
Mo	100 - 50,000 ppm	Sr	100 - 10,000 ppm
Ni	50 - 50,000 ppm	Ti	0.1 - 10 %
Pb	50 - 50,000 ppm	V	100 - 10,000 ppm
S	0.1 - 10 %	Y	50 - 10,000 ppm
Zn	50 - 50,000 ppm	Zr	50 - 10,000 ppm
Price:	€7.30	Price:	€7.30

Precious Metals Analysis

Gold and Silver Analyses - Geochem

Code	Method	Sample Weight (g)	Metric Range (ppb)	Price
1A1	Au Fire Assay - INAA	30	1 - 20,000	€19.45
1A2	Au Fire Assay - AA	30	5 - 5,000	€17.25
1A2B-30	Au Fire Assay - AA	30	5 - 10,000	€17.65
1A2-50	Au Fire Assay - AA	50	5 - 5,000	€19.50
1A2B-50	Au Fire Assay - AA	50	5 - 10,000	€20.25
1A2-ORE	Ore Grade - Au Fire Assay - AA	30	0.01 - 100 ppm	€18.95
1A2-50-ORE	Ore Grade - Au Fire Assay - AA	50	0.01 - 100 ppm	€21.75
1A2-ICP	Au Fire Assay - ICP-OES	30	2 - 30,000	€18.20
1A2-ICP-50	Au Fire Assay - ICP-OES	50	2 - 30,000	€20.80
1A2-ICPMS	Au Fire Assay - ICP-MS	30	0.5 - 30,000	€24.00
1A6	Au BLEG - ICP-MS	1,000	0.1 - 10,000	€42.55
1A6-50	Au Cyanide Extraction - ICP-MS Ag or Cu add-on, for each additional, add	50	0.02 - 1,000	€13.15 €5.25
1A8-Au	Au Aqua Regia - ICP-MS	30	0.5 - 2,000	€18.75
1E-Ag	Ag Aqua Regia - ICP-OES	0.5	0.2 - 100 ppm	€7.30

For codes 1A6 and 1A6-50 with less than 5 and 15 samples, respectively, a €187.50 setup charge will apply.

Use of 50g sample for fire assay may not provide optimum recovery.

For proper fire assay fusion, Actlabs may reduce the sample weights to 15g or smaller at its discretion

Gold and Silver Analyses - Assay

Code	Method	Sample Weight (g)	Metric Range (g/t)	Price
1A3-30	Au Fire Assay - Gravimetric	30	0.03 - 10,000	€22.15
1A3-50	Au Fire Assay - Gravimetric	50	0.02 - 10,000	€24.75
1A3-Ag (Au, Ag)	Au, Ag Fire Assay - Gravimetric	30	0.03 - 10,000 (Au) 3 - 10,000 (Ag)	€28.50
1A4 *	Au Fire Assay - Metallic Screen	500	0.03 - 10,000	€66.00
1A4-1000 *	Au Fire Assay - Metallic Screen	1,000	0.03 - 10,000	€73.90
8-Ag	Ag Fire Assay - Gravimetric	30	3 - 10,000	€24.75

* A representative 500 gram or 1000 gram (or customized) sample split is sieved at 149µm, with assays performed on the entire +149 µm fraction and two splits of the -149 µm fraction. It is important not to over pulverize the sample too finely as tests have shown gold will plate out on the mill and be lost. When assays have been completed on the coarse and fine portions of the bulk sample, a final assay is calculated based on the weight of each fraction.

When submitting samples for precious metals analysis, please provide at least 2-3 times the listed sample weight to allow for quality control analysis

PhotonAssay™

Code	Sample Weight (g)	Range (ppm)	Price
PhotonAssay	500	(Au) 0.03 - 350	€20.45
PhotonAssay	500	(Au) 1 - 3500	€26.25

* The presence of interfering elements such as Th, U and/or Ba in the sample matrix may increase the detection limit and decrease the precision.



Gold, Platinum, Palladium and Rhodium

Code	Method	Sample Weight (g)	Range (ppb)				Price
			Au	Pt	Pd	Rh	
1C-Exploration	Fire Assay - ICP-MS	30	2 - 30,000	1 - 30,000	1 - 30,000	-	€23.80
1C-Research	Fire Assay - ICP-MS	30	1 - 30,000	0.1 - 30,000	0.1 - 30,000	-	€29.25
1C-RhExp	Fire Assay - ICP-MS	30	-	-	-	5 - 10,000	€30.75
1C-RhRes	Fire Assay - ICP-MS	30	-	-	-	1 - 10,000	€38.25
1C-OES	Fire Assay - ICP-OES	30	2 - 30,000	5 - 30,000	5 - 30,000	-	€20.25
1C-OES-ORE *	Fire Assay - ICP-OES	30	0.06 - 1000 g/t	0.01 - 1000 g/t	0.01 - 1000 g/t	-	€30.00

* If >1000g/t use method code 8-Au, Pt, Pd (see Concentrate Testing on page 28)

Platinum Group Elements

Code	Method	Sample Weight (g)	Range (ppb)							Price
			Os	Ir	Ru	Rh	Pt	Pd	Au	
1B1	NiS Fire Assay - INAA	30	2-20,000	0.1-10,000	5-50,000	0.2-20,000	5*-100,000	2-100,000	0.5-20,000	1-2 samples €318.75 3+ samples €168.75
1B2	NiS Fire Assay - ICP-MS	30	-	1-10,000	1-10,000	1-10,000	1-10,000	1-10,000	1-10,000	1-2 samples €318.75 3+ samples €165.00

* Detection limits for Pt are increased with high Au/Pt ratios and limits for other elements will be affected by abnormally high Au, Sb and Cu content. Samples with high Au can be reanalyzed by Code 1C-Exploration or 1C-Research. Zn concentrates are not amenable to the nickel sulphide fire assay. Au results by Code 1B1 or 1B2 can be low by nickel sulphide fire assay. For accurate Au values, please request Code 1C-Exploration.

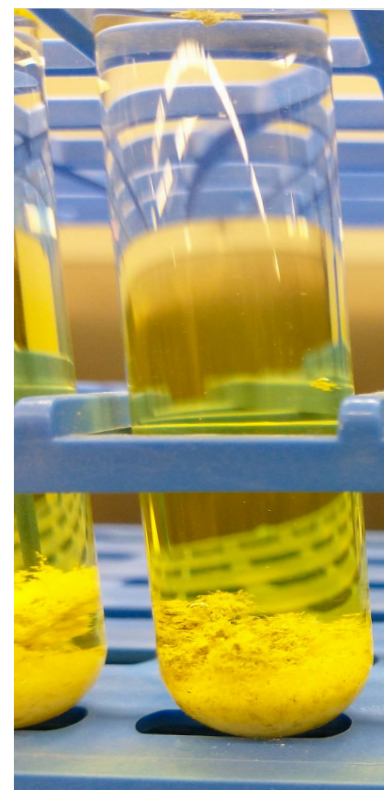
Aqua Regia "Partial" Digestion

This digestion uses a combination of concentrated hydrochloric and nitric acids to leach sulphides, some oxides and some silicates. Mineral phases which are hardly (if at all) attacked include barite, zircon, monazite, sphene, chromite, gahnite, garnet, ilmenite, rutile and cassiterite. The balance of silicates and oxides are only slightly to moderately attacked, depending on the degree of alteration. Generally, but not always, most base metals and gold are usually dissolved.

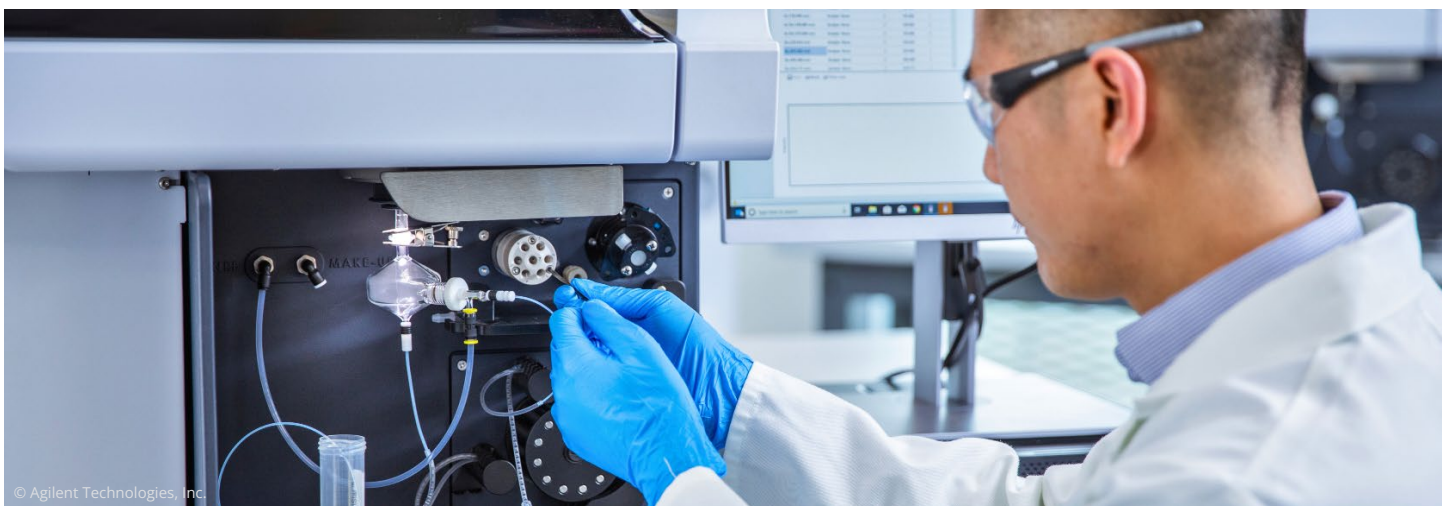
Note: Results from acid digestions may be lab dependent or lab operator dependent. Actlabs has automated this aspect of digestion using a microprocessor designed hotbox to accurately reproduce digestion conditions every time.

Code	Analytes & Ranges (ppm) - ICP-OES								Price
1E3	Ag	0.2 - 100	Cr	1 - 10,000	Mo	1 - 10,000	Te	1 - 500	0.5g €12.55
	Al	0.01 - 10 %	Cu	1 - 10,000	Na	0.01 - 10 %	Th	10 - 10,000	
	As	2 - 10,000	Fe	0.01 - 30 %	Ni	1 - 10,000	Ti	0.01 - 10 %	
	B	10 - 10,000	Ga	5 - 10,000	P	0.001 - 5 %	Tl	2 - 10,000	
	Ba	10 - 10,000	Hg	1 - 10,000	Pb	2 - 5,000	U	5 - 10,000	
	Be	0.2 - 1,000	K	0.01 - 10 %	S +	0.01 - 10 %	V	1 - 10,000	
	Bi	1 - 10,000	La	5 - 10,000	Sb	2 - 10,000	W	10 - 200	
	Ca	0.01 - 10 %	Li	5 - 5,000	Sc	0.5 - 10,000	Y	1 - 1,000	
	Cd	0.2 - 2,000	Mg	0.01 - 25 %	Sn	1 - 5,000	Zn	2 - 10,000	
	Co	1 - 10,000	Mn	5 - 100,000	Sr	1 - 10,000	Zr	1 - 10,000	

- If Ag is >50ppm, assay by code 8-Ag is recommended (see page 8)
- Extraction of each element by Aqua Regia is dependent on mineralogy
- + Sulphide sulphur and soluble sulphates are extracted



Aqua Regia "Partial" Digestion



Code	Analytes & Ranges (ppm) - ICP-OES + MS										Price
UT2-M	Ag	0.01 - 100	Co	0.1 - 5,000	La	0.2 - 1,000	Re	0.001 - 100	Tl	0.02 - 500	0.5g €21.75
	Al	0.01 - 10 %	Cr	1 - 10,000	Li	0.1 - 10,000	S +	0.01 - 10 %	U	0.05 - 10,000	
	As	0.1 - 10,000	Cs	0.05 - 500	Mg	0.01 - 25 %	Sb	0.05 - 500	V	1 - 1,000	
	Au	0.5 - 10,000 ppb	Cu	0.2 - 10,000	Mn	5 - 10,000	Sc	0.1 - 10,000	W	0.05 - 200	15g €29.25
	B	10 - 5,000	Fe	0.01 - 30 %	Mo	0.05 - 10,000	Se	0.2 - 10,000	Y	0.01 - 500	
	Ba	10 - 6,000	Ga	0.02 - 500	Na	0.01 - 10 %	Sn	0.05 - 200	Zn	2 - 5,000	30g €32.25
	Be	0.05 - 1,000	Ge	0.05 - 500	Nb	0.05 - 500	Sr	0.2 - 5,000	Zr	0.1 - 5,000	
	Bi	0.01 - 2,000	Hf	0.1 - 500	Ni	0.2 - 10,000	Ta	0.01 - 50			30g €32.25
	Ca	0.01 - 10 %	Hg	0.01 - 10	P	0.001 - 5 %	Te	0.01 - 500			
	Cd	0.01 - 1,000	In	0.02 - 500	Pb	0.2 - 5,000	Th	0.1 - 200			
	Ce	0.02 - 10,000	K	0.01 - 10 %	Rb	0.1 - 500	Ti	0.005 - 10 %			

Code	Analytes & Ranges (ppm) - All elements from UT2-M + REE Add-On						Price		
UT2	Dy	0.1 - 1,000	Gd	0.1 - 1,000	Nd	0.02 - 5,000	Tb	0.1 - 100	0.5g - €27.00
	Er	0.1 - 1,000	Ho	0.1 - 1,000	Pr	0.1 - 1,000	Tm	0.1 - 1,000	15g - €34.50
	Eu	0.1 - 100	Lu	0.1 - 100	Sm	0.1 - 100	Yb	0.1 - 200	30g - €37.50

Code	Analytes & Ranges (ppm) - ICP-OES + MS with Lower Detection Limits than UT2										Price		
UT2-LL	Ag	0.002 - 100	Co	0.006 - 5,000	Hf	0.002 - 500	Na	0.01 - 10 %	Sc	0.01 - 10,000	Tm	0.0005 - 1,000	0.5g €34.50
	Al	0.01 - 10 %	Cr	0.02 - 10,000	Hg	0.005 - 10	Nb	0.002 - 500	Se	0.1 - 10,000	U	0.001 - 10,000	
	As	0.02 - 10,000	Cs	0.02 - 500	Ho	0.0005 - 1,000	Nd	0.02 - 5,000	Sm	0.002 - 100	V	0.07 - 1,000	
	Au	0.5 - 10,000 ppb	Cu	0.05 - 10,000	In	0.001 - 500	Ni	0.08 - 10,000	Sn	0.05 - 200	W	0.002 - 200	15g €42.00
	B	10 - 5,000	Dy	0.001 - 1,000	K	0.01 - 10 %	P	0.001 - 5 %	Sr	0.2 - 5,000	Y	0.002 - 500	
	Ba	0.5 - 6,000	Er	0.001 - 1,000	La	0.005 - 1,000	Pb	0.03 - 5,000	Ta	0.005 - 50	Yb	0.001 - 200	30g €45.00
	Be	0.01 - 1,000	Eu	0.002 - 100	Li	0.1 - 10,000	Pr	0.0005 - 1,000	Tb	0.0005 - 100	Zn	0.2 - 5,000	
	Bi	0.005 - 2,000	Fe	0.0005 - 30 %	Lu	0.001 - 100	Rb	0.01 - 500	Te	0.01 - 500	Zr	0.05 - 5,000	
	Ca	0.01 - 10 %	Ga	0.005 - 500	Mg	0.01 - 25 %	Re	0.0005 - 100	Th	0.001 - 200			
	Cd	0.002 - 1,000	Gd	0.001 - 1,000	Mn	0.1 - 10,000	S +	0.01 - 10 %	Ti	0.001 - 10 %			
	Ce	0.01 - 10,000	Ge	0.005 - 500	Mo	0.01 - 10,000	Sb	0.02 - 500	Tl	0.001 - 500			

- If Ag is >50ppm, assay by code 8-Ag is recommended (see page 8)
- Extraction of each element by Aqua Regia is dependent on mineralogy
- + Sulphide sulphur and soluble sulphates are extracted
- Au is semi-quantitative when using a 0.5g sample
- 15g or 30g is recommended for soils, sediments and vegetation samples only

4-Acid "Near Total" Digestion

This acid attack is the most vigorous digestion used in geochemistry analysis and uses hydrochloric, nitric, perchloric and hydrofluoric acids. Four-acid digestion dissolves most minerals in geological materials but may be incomplete for refractory minerals (e.g. barite, REEs, Ti, Sn, W and columbite-tantalite minerals), with some elements subject to partial digestion, precipitation or volatilization. As a result, analytical results for certain elements (including Al, As, Ba, Cr, Mn, Nb, Ta, Ti, Zr and REEs) may be compromised.

Code	Analytes & Ranges (ppm) - ICP-OES								Price
1F2	Ag	0.5 - 100	Cu	1 - 10,000	Ni	1 - 10,000	Th	2 - 5,000	€16.90
	Al	0.01 - 50 %	Fe	0.01 - 50 %	P	0.001 - 10%	Tl	5 - 10,000	
	As	3 - 5,000	Ga	1 - 10,000	Pb	2 - 5,000	U	5 - 10,000	
	Ba	1 - 5,000	K	0.01 - 10 %	S+	0.01 - 20 %	V	0.5 - 10,000	
	Be	0.05 - 10,000	La	1 - 5,000	Sb	5 - 10,000	W	2 - 10,000	
	Bi	1 - 10,000	Li	2 - 10,000	Sc	0.5 - 10,000	Y	1 - 1,000	
	Ca	0.01 - 50 %	Mg	0.01 - 50 %	Sn	2 - 5,000	Zn	2 - 10,000	
	Cd	0.3 - 2,000	Mn	5 - 100,000	Sr	1 - 10,000	Zr	3 - 10,000	
	Co	1 - 10,000	Mo	1 - 10,000	Te	2 - 10,000			
	Cr	1 - 10,000	Na	0.01 - 10 %	Ti	0.01 - 10 %			

Code	Analytes & Ranges (ppm) - ICP-OES+MS								Price		
UT6-M	Ag	0.01 - 100	Cr	1 - 10,000	Li	0.2 - 10,000	Re	0.005 - 100	Ti	0.01 - 10 %	€27.00
	Al	0.01 - 50 %	Cs	0.03 - 100	Mg	0.01 - 50 %	S +	0.01 - 20 %	Tl	0.02 - 500	
	As	0.1 - 10,000	Cu	0.2 - 10,000	Mn	5 - 100,000	Sb	0.1 - 500	U	0.1 - 10,000	
	Ba	1 - 5,000	Fe	0.01 - 50 %	Mo	0.05 - 10,000	Sc	0.1 - 5,000	V	0.5 - 10,000	
	Be	0.05 - 1,000	Ga	0.05 - 500	Na	0.01 - 10 %	Se	0.3 - 1,000	W	0.1 - 200	
	Bi	0.02 - 2,000	Ge	0.05 - 500	Nb	0.1 - 500	Sn	0.2 - 200	Y	0.1 - 10,000	
	Ca	0.01 - 50 %	Hf	0.1 - 500	Ni	0.4 - 10,000	Sr	0.2 - 1,000	Zn	2 - 10,000	
	Cd	0.04 - 2,000	In	0.01 - 100	P	0.001 - 10 %	Ta	0.05 - 1,000	Zr	0.5 - 5,000	
	Ce	0.01 - 10,000	K	0.01 - 10 %	Pb	0.5 - 5,000	Te	0.05 - 500			
	Co	0.1 - 10,000	La	0.1 - 10,000	Rb	0.1 - 5,000	Th	0.02 - 500			

Code	Analytes & Ranges (ppm) - All elements from UT6-M + REE Add-On						Price		
UT6	Dy	0.05 - 5,000	Gd	0.05 - 5,000	Nd	0.1 - 10,000	Tb	0.01 - 100	€33.00
	Er	0.03 - 1,000	Ho	0.01 - 1,000	Pr	0.03 - 1,000	Tm	0.01 - 1,000	
	Eu	0.03 - 100	Lu	0.01 - 100	Sm	0.03 - 100	Yb	0.03 - 5,000	

- If Ag is >50ppm, assay by code 8-Ag is recommended (see page 8)
- Extraction of each element by 4-Acid Digestion is dependent on mineralogy
- + Sulphide sulphur and soluble sulphates are extracted



Exploration Geochemistry

INAA

Instrumental Neutron Activation Analysis
- Samples are encapsulated and irradiated in a nuclear reactor. After a suitable decay, samples are measured for the emitted gamma ray fingerprint. INAA is very good for Au, Co, As, Sb, W, Ta, U, Th, Cs, In, Re, Cl and lower levels of most LREE.



McMaster Nuclear Reactor

Package	INAA (ppm)			
	1D	1D Enhanced	5B - Other Elements	5S - Short Lived Isotopes
Ag	5 - 100,000	5 - 100,000	-	-
Al	-	-	-	1 - 100,000
As	2 - 10,000	0.5 - 10,000	1 - 10,000	-
Au	5 - 30,000 ppb	2 - 30,000 ppb	5 - 30,000 ppb	-
Ba	100 - 500,000	50 - 500,000	100 - 100,000	-
Br	1 - 1,000	0.5 - 1,000	0.5 - 1,000	5 - 10,000
Ca	1 - 50 %	1 - 50 %	-	-
Ce	3 - 10,000	3 - 10,000	3 - 10,000	-
Co	5 - 5,000	1 - 5,000	0.5 - 10,000	-
Cl	-	-	-	100 - 100,000
Cr	10 - 100,000	5 - 100,000	1 - 100,000	-
Cs	2 - 10,000	1 - 10,000	0.5 - 10,000	-
Cu	-	-	-	5 - 2,500
Dy	-	-	-	0.5 - 5,000
Eu	0.2 - 2,000	0.2 - 2,000	0.2 - 2,000	-
Fe	0.02 - 75 %	0.01 - 75 %	0.01 - 75 %	-
Ga	-	-	-	5 - 10,000
Hf	1 - 500	1 - 500	0.5 - 500	-
Hg	1 - 1,000	1 - 1,000	-	-
I	-	-	-	0.5 - 5,000
In	-	-	-	0.1 - 5,000
Ir	5 - 10,000 ppb	5 - 10,000 ppb	-	-
La	1 - 10,000	0.5 - 10,000	0.1 - 10,000	-
Lu	0.05 - 1,000	0.05 - 1,000	0.05 - 1,000	-
Mg	-	-	-	0.05 - 50 %
Mn	-	-	-	0.1 - 10,000
Mo	5 - 10,000	1 - 10,000	2 - 10,000	-
Na	0.05 - 10 %	0.01 - 10 %	100 - 100,000	50 - 200,000
Nd	5 - 10,000	5 - 10,000	5 - 10,000	-
Ni	50 - 10,000	20 - 10,000	-	-
Rb	30 - 10,000	15 - 10,000	20 - 10,000	-
Re	-	-	-	1 - 5,000
Sb	0.2 - 10,000	0.1 - 10,000	0.1 - 10,000	-
Sc	0.1 - 200	0.1 - 200	0.1 - 200	-
Se	5 - 10,000	3 - 10,000	2 - 10,000	-
Sm	0.1 - 10,000	0.1 - 10,000	0.01 - 10,000	-
Sn	0.05 - 10 %	0.02 - 10 %	-	-
Sr	0.1 - 40 %	0.05 - 40 %	-	-
Ta	1 - 10,000	0.5 - 10,000	0.5 - 10,000	-
Tb	0.5 - 1,000	0.5 - 1,000	-	-
Th	0.5 - 10,000	0.5 - 10,000	0.2 - 10,000	-
Ti	-	-	-	50 - 100,000
U	0.5 - 10,000	0.5 - 10,000	0.1 - 10,000	-
V	-	-	-	0.1 - 10,000
W	4 - 10,000	1 - 10,000	2 - 10,000	-
Yb	0.2 - 1,000	0.2 - 1,000	0.2 - 1,000	-
Zn	50 - 100,000	50 - 100,000	-	-
Price:	€27.20	€28.50	One Element €21.55	One Element €42.00
		Each Additional Element	Add €2.80	Add €6.75

Key advantages of INAA include:

- Total determination of selected resistive and volatile elements, including Au
- Up to 30g of material can be analyzed for a more representative sub-sample
- Non-destructive, allowing material to be used for other analysis

Multi-Method Analyses

ICP-OES and ICP-MS analyses by 4-acid (hydrochloric, nitric, perchloric and hydrofluoric) digestion are “near total” digestions. INAA analysis yields total metals.

NOTE: Results from acid digestions may be lab dependent or lab operator dependent. Actlabs has automated this aspect of digestion using a microprocessor designed hotbox to accurately reproduce digestion conditions every time.



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Code	Analytes & Ranges (ppm) - INAA + ICP-OES										Price
1H	Ag	0.5 - 10,000	Ce	3 - 10,000	K	0.01 - 10 %	P	0.001 - 10 %	Ta	0.5 - 10,000	€36.40
	Al	0.01 - 50 %	Co	1 - 5,000	La	0.5 - 10,000	Pb	2 - 5,000	Tb	0.5 - 10,000	
	As	0.5 - 10,000	Cr	2 - 100,000	Li	2 - 10,000	Rb	15 - 10,000	Th	0.2 - 10,000	
	Au	2 - 30,000 ppb	Cs	1 - 10,000	Lu	0.05 - 10,000	S +	0.01 - 20 %	Ti	0.01 - 10 %	
	Ba	50 - 500,000	Cu	1 - 10,000	Mg	0.01 - 50 %	Sb	0.1 - 10,000	U	0.5 - 10,000	
	Be	0.05 - 10,000	Eu	0.2 - 10,000	Mn	5 - 100,000	Sc	0.1 - 1,000	V	0.5 - 10,000	
	Bi	1 - 10,000	Fe	0.01 - 70 %	Mo	1 - 10,000	Se	3 - 10,000	W	1 - 10,000	
	Br	0.5 - 5,000	Hf	1 - 5,000	Na	0.01 - 50 %	Sm	0.1 - 10,000	Y	1 - 1,000	
	Ca	0.01 - 70 %	Hg	1 - 1,000	Nd	5 - 10,000	Sn	0.02 - 20 %	Yb	0.2 - 10,000	
	Cd	0.3 - 2,000	Ir	5 - 10,000 ppb	Ni	1 - 100,000	Sr	1 - 10,000	Zn	2 - 100,000	

Code	Analytes & Ranges (ppm) - INAA + ICP-OES + MS										Price
UT-3	Ag	0.05 - 10,000	Cs	0.05 - 5,000	Ir	5 - 10,000 ppb	Pb	0.5 - 5,000	Te	0.02 - 500	€48.75
	Al	0.01 - 50 %	Cu	0.2 - 10,000	K	0.01 - 10 %	Pr	0.1 - 1,000	Th	0.1 - 10,000	
	As	0.5 - 10,000	Dy	0.1 - 5000	La	0.5 - 10,000	Rb	0.2 - 5,000	Ti	0.01 - 10 %	
	Au	2 - 30,000 ppb	Er	0.1 - 1,000	Li	1 - 10,000	Re	0.001 - 100	Tl	0.05 - 500	
	Ba	1 - 100,000	Eu	0.05 - 1,000	Lu	0.1 - 100	S +	0.01 - 20 %	Tm	0.1 - 1,000	
	Be	0.1 - 1,000	Fe	0.01 - 70 %	Mg	0.01 - 50 %	Sb	0.1 - 10,000	U	0.1 - 10,000	
	Bi	0.02 - 10,000	Ga	0.1 - 500	Mn	5 - 100,000	Sc	0.1 - 1,000	V	2 - 10,000	
	Br	0.5 - 5,000	Gd	0.1 - 500	Mo	0.2 - 10,000	Se	0.1 - 10,000	W	1 - 10,000	
	Ca	0.01 - 70 %	Ge	0.1 - 500	Na	0.01 - 20 %	Sm	0.1 - 100	Y	0.01 - 10,000	
	Cd	0.1 - 2,000	Hf	0.1 - 5,000	Nb	0.1 - 500	Sn	1 - 200	Yb	0.1 - 5,000	
	Ce	0.1 - 10,000	Hg	1 - 1,000	Nd	0.01 - 10,000	Sr	0.2 - 1,000	Zn	0.5 - 100,000	
	Co	1 - 5,000	Ho	0.1 - 1,000	Ni	0.5 - 100,000	Ta	0.1 - 10,000	Zr	1 - 5,000	
	Cr	1 - 10,000	In	0.1 - 100	P	0.001 - 10 %	Tb	0.1 - 5,000			

Extraction of each element by 4-Acid Digestion is dependent on mineralogy
 + Sulphide sulphur and soluble sulphates are extracted

Lithochemochemistry and Whole Rock Analysis

Lithochemochemistry

The most aggressive fusion technique employs a lithium metaborate/ tetraborate fusion. Fusion is performed by a robot at Actlabs, which provides a fast fusion of the highest quality in the industry. The resulting molten bead is rapidly digested in a weak nitric acid solution. The fusion ensures that the entire sample is dissolved. It is only with this attack that major oxides including SiO₂, refractory minerals (i.e. zircon, sphene, monazite, chromite, gahnite, etc.), REE and other high field strength elements are put into solution. High sulphide-bearing rocks may require different treatment but can still be adequately analyzed. Analysis is by ICP-OES and ICP-MS. Quality of data is exceptional and can be used for the most exacting applications. Values on internal replicates and standards are provided at no cost, as are REE chondrite plots. Eu determinations are semiquantitative in samples having extremely high Ba concentrations (> 5 %).

Mineralized Samples: Although intended primarily for unmineralized samples, mineralized samples can be analyzed. However, data may be semiquantitative for chalcophile elements (Ag, As, Bi, Co, Cu, Mo, Ni, Pb, Sb, Sn, W, Cr and Zn). For quantitative chalcophile data see add-ons below.

Code 4B: Lithium Borate Fusion / ICP-OES Whole Rock Package. Data meets or exceeds quality of data by fusion XRF. 3g required.

Code 4B2: Lithium Borate Fusion / ICP-MS Trace Element package: Codes 4B2-STD and 4B2-Research both provide research quality data. 0.5g required.

Research designation: indicates lower detection limits.

Code 4 Litho and Code 4 Litho-Research: The 4B and 4B2 packages are combined. 5 g required.

For quantitative values of chalcophile elements, use code 4B1 or 4B-INAA. A minimum sample weight of 5 g is required. If submitting a pulp, please ensure sample is 95% passing 74 µm for any lithium borate fusion processes.

QUANT: If REE concentrations are greater than the upper limits shown on our website under package descriptions, we will dilute to quantify and apply the QUANT surcharge.

(+) Code 4B1: Optional elements by multiacid digestion. Please add 0.5 g. For reporting limits, see package 1F2 (page 10).

(++) Code 4B-INAA: Optional elements are available by INAA. Please add 0.5 to 30 g depending on sample size you prefer to analyze for Au with this option. For reporting limits, see package 1D Enhanced (page 12).

Add-ons	Surcharge
4B1	€12.00
4B-INAA	€22.50
QUANT	€13.50

Package	ICP-OES 4B	ICP-MS 4B2-Std	ICP-MS 4B2-Research	ICP-OES+MS 4 Litho	ICP-OES+MS 4 Litho-Research
Al ₂ O ₃	0.01%	-	-	0.01%	0.01%
CaO	0.01%	-	-	0.01%	0.01%
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.01%	-	-	0.01%	0.01%
K ₂ O	0.01%	-	-	0.01%	0.01%
MgO	0.01%	-	-	0.01%	0.01%
MnO	0.01%	-	-	0.01%	0.01%
Na ₂ O	0.01%	-	-	0.01%	0.01%
P ₂ O ₅	0.01%	-	-	0.01%	0.01%
SiO ₂	0.01%	-	-	0.01%	0.01%
TiO ₂	0.001%	-	-	0.001%	0.001%
LOI	0.01%	-	-	0.01%	0.01%
Ag	(0.3+)	0.5	0.02	0.5	0.02
As	(0.5++)	5 (0.5++)	0.5 (0.5++)	5 (0.5++)	0.5 (0.5++)
Au	(2ppb++)	(2ppb++)	(2ppb++)	(2ppb++)	(2ppb++)
Ba	2	3	2	3	2
Be	1			1	1
Bi		0.4	0.02	0.4	0.02
Br	(0.5++)	(0.5++)	(0.5++)	(0.5++)	(0.5++)
Cd	(0.5+)	(0.5+)	(0.5+)	(0.5+)	(0.5+)
Co	(1++)	1	0.5	1	0.5
Cr	(0.5++)	20 (0.5++)	5 (0.5++)	20 (0.5++)	5 (0.5++)
Cs	(1++)	0.5	0.01	0.5	0.01
Cu	(1+)	10 (1+)	1 (1+)	10 (1+)	1 (1+)
Fe		(0.01%++)	(0.01%++)		
Ga		1	0.05	1	0.05
Ge		1	0.05	1	0.05
Hf	(1++)	0.2	0.02	0.2	0.02
In		0.2	0.01	0.2	0.01
Ir	(5ppb++)	(5ppb++)	(5ppb++)	(5ppb++)	(5ppb++)
Mo	(5++)	2	0.1	2	0.1
Na		(0.01%++)	(0.01%++)		
Nb		1	0.2	1	0.2
Ni	(1+)	20 (1+)	5 (1+)	20 (1+)	5 (1+)
Pb	(5+)	5	0.5	5	0.5
Rb	(20++)	2	0.1	2	0.1
S	(10+)	(10+)	(10+)	(10+)	(10+)
Sb	(0.2++)	0.5 (0.2++)	0.05	0.5 (0.2++)	0.05
Sc	1	(0.1++)	(0.1++)	1 (0.1++)	1 (0.1++)
Se	(3++)	(3++)	(3++)	(3++)	(3++)
Sn		1	0.5	1	0.5
Sr	2	2	2	2	2
Ta	(0.5++)	0.1	0.01	0.1	0.01
Th	(0.2++)	0.1	0.02	0.1	0.02
Tl		0.1	0.01	0.1	0.01
U	(0.5++)	0.1	0.01	0.1	0.01
V	5	5	5	5	5
W	(1++)	1	0.5	1	0.5
Y	1	1	0.1	1	0.5
Zn	(1+)	30 (1+)	15 (1+)	30 (1+)	15 (1+)
Zr	2	5	1	5	1
La	(0.5++)	0.1	0.05	0.1	0.05
Ce	(3++)	0.1	0.05	0.1	0.05
Pr		0.05	0.01	0.05	0.01
Nd	(5++)	0.1	0.05	0.1	0.05
Sm	(0.1++)	0.1	0.01	0.1	0.01
Eu	(0.2++)	0.05	0.005	0.05	0.005
Gd		0.1	0.01	0.1	0.01
Tb	(0.5++)	0.1	0.01	0.1	0.01
Dy		0.1	0.01	0.1	0.01
Ho		0.1	0.01	0.1	0.01
Er		0.1	0.01	0.1	0.01
Tm		0.05	0.005	0.05	0.005
Yb	(0.2++)	0.1	0.01	0.1	0.01
Lu	(0.005++)	0.01	0.002	0.01	0.002
1-10 Samples	€37.50	€48.75	€73.50	€67.50	€86.25
11+ Samples	€33.00	€45.00	€67.50	€54.75	€75.00

All elements are in ppm except where noted. Prices per sample.
+ Sulphide sulphur and soluble sulphates are extracted

Litho geochemistry and Whole Rock Analysis

Code 4C: Lithium Borate Fusion / XRF Whole Rock Package. Samples containing >1% barite or sulphide should be analyzed with Code 4B. A minimum sample weight of 3g is required. Sample composition may require that analysis is done by Code 4B instead.

WRA-XRF	
Package	4C
Al ₂ O ₃	0.01%
CaO	0.01%
Cr ₂ O ₃	0.01%
Co ₃ O ₄	0.005%
CuO	0.005%
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.01%
K ₂ O	0.01%
MgO	0.01%
MnO	0.005%
Na ₂ O	0.01%
NiO	0.003%
P ₂ O ₅	0.01%
SiO ₂	0.01%
TiO ₂	0.01%
V ₂ O ₅	0.003%
LOI	0.01%
1-10 Samples	€33.75
11+ Samples	€30.75

Add-ons	Surcharge
4E-XRF	€17.80
4E ICP-MS	€33.75

Pressed Pellet XRF Analysis

Code 4C1		
Group	Element	Range (ppm)
A	Ba	5-10,000
	Ga	5-10,000
	Nb	1-10,000
	Rb	2-10,000
	Sr	2-10,000
	Zr	5-10,000
B	Co	5-1,000
	Cr	5-10,000
	Cu	5-2,500
	Ni	4-4,000
	Pb	5-1,000
	V	5-10,000
C	Zn	5-1,000
	Sn	5-10,000
	Zn	0.001-1%
Any One Element		€10.50
Each Additional Element		€3.55
All of Group A Elements		€18.20
All of Group B Elements		€18.20
All of Group C Elements		€13.00

Package	INAA		
	4A-Research	4E-Expl.	4E-Research
Al ₂ O ₃	-	0.01%	0.01%
CaO	-	0.01%	0.01%
Fe ₂ O ₃	-	0.01%	0.01%
K ₂ O	-	0.01%	0.01%
MgO	-	0.01%	0.01%
MnO	-	0.005%	0.005%
Na ₂ O	-	0.01%	0.01%
P ₂ O ₅	-	0.01%	0.01%
SiO ₂	-	0.01%	0.01%
TiO ₂	-	0.001%	0.001%
LOI	-	0.01%	0.01%
Ag	2	0.5	0.5
As	1	2	1
Au	2 ppb	5 ppb	1 ppb
Ba	20	3	1
Be	-	1	1
Bi	-	2	2 (0.1 ††)
Br	0.5	1	0.5
Ca	0.2%	-	-
Cd	-	0.5	0.5
Co	0.1	1	0.1
Cr	0.5	1	0.5
Cs	0.2	0.5	0.2 (0.1 ††)
Cu	-	1	1
Fe	0.01%	-	-
Ga	-	(5 †)	(5 †) (1 ††)
Ge	-	-	(0.5 ††)
Hf	0.2	0.5	0.2 (0.1 ††)
Hg	-	1-1000ppm	1-1000ppm
In	-	-	(0.1 ††)
Ir	2 ppb	2	2
Mo	2	5	2
Na	0.001%	-	-
Nb	-	(1 †)	(1 †) (0.2 ††)
Ni	50	1	1
Pb	-	(5 †)	(5 †)
Rb	10	20 (2 †)	10 (2 †) (1 ††)
S	-	0.001%	0.001%
Sb	0.1	0.2	0.1
Sc	0.01	0.1	0.01
Se	0.5	3	0.5
Sn	-	(5 †)	(5 †) (1 ††)
Sr	100	2	2
Ta	0.3	1	0.3 (0.01 ††)
Th	0.1	0.5	0.1 (0.05 ††)
Tl	-	-	(0.05 ††)
U	0.1	0.5	0.1 (0.01 ††)
V	-	5	5
W	1	3	1
Y	-	1	1
Zn	10	2	2
Zr	-	4	4 (1 ††)
La	0.05	0.5	0.05
Ce	1	3	1 (0.05 ††)
Pr	(0.01 †)	-	(0.01 ††)
Nd	1	5	1 (0.05 ††)
Sm	0.01	0.1	0.01
Eu	0.05	0.1	0.05 (0.005 ††)
Gd	(0.01 †)	-	(0.01 ††)
Tb	0.1	0.5	0.1 (0.01 ††)
Dy	(0.01 †)	-	(0.01 ††)
Ho	(0.01 †)	-	(0.01 ††)
Er	(0.01 †)	-	(0.01 ††)
Tm	(0.01 †)	-	(0.005 ††)
Yb	0.05	0.1	0.05 (0.01 ††)
Lu	0.01	0.05	0.01 (0.002 ††)
1-10 Samples	€61.50	€55.50	€97.50
11+ Samples	€59.25	€51.75	€86.25

Research designation: indicates lower detection limits.

Code 4A-Research: Grades are determined by INAA. A minimum sample weight of 2 g is recommended. REE chondrite plots are provided at no charge.

• † **Code 4A RES-MS:** elements indicated by † are analyzed by fusion ICP-MS.

Code 4E: This package uses ICP and INAA technologies to completely characterize geological samples. This package is not suitable for analyzing concentrates or mill products. A minimum sample weight of 5 g is required.

Code 4E Add-Ons

• ‡ **Code 4E-XRF elements Ga, Pb, Sn, Nb and Rb** are determined by Pressed Pellet XRF. This package can be added to Code 4E exploration or Code 4E research (please add 6 g of sample).

• †† **Code 4E ICP-MS add-on option:** can only be added to Code 4E-Research grade.

Code 4F: Other analyses associated with WRA (can be added to any Code 4 package). Add 1 gram for each option chosen (see page 16).

All elements are in ppm except where noted. Prices per sample.

Litho geochemistry and Whole Rock Analysis

Peroxide "Total" Fusion

Sodium peroxide fusion will result in a total metal recovery. It is effective for the decomposition of sulphides and refractory minerals. For nickel sulphide deposits this is the preferred method. This method is not suitable if sodium is required. Code 8 4-Acid is recommended if sodium is required.

Code	Analytes & Ranges (ppm) - ICP-OES+MS											Price	
UT7	Al	0.01 - 25%	Cr	30 - 10,000	Hf	10 - 5,000	Nd	0.4 - 5,000	Sm	0.1 - 1,000	U	0.1 - 10,000	€46.50
	As	5 - 10,000	Cs	0.1 - 25,000	Ho	0.2 - 1,000	Ni	10 - 10,000	Sn	0.5 - 10,000	V	5 - 10,000	
	B	10 - 10,000	Cu	2 - 10,000	In	0.2 - 1,000	P	0.001% - 4%	Sr	3 - 10,000	W	0.7 - 5,000	
	Ba	3 - 10,000	Dy	0.3 - 5,000	K	0.1 - 25%	Pb	0.8 - 5,000	Ta	0.2 - 10,000	Y	0.1 - 1,000	
	Be	3 - 5,000	Er	0.1 - 5,000	La	0.4 - 10,000	Pr	0.1 - 1,000	Tb	0.1 - 1,000	Yb	0.1 - 1,000	
	Bi	2 - 5,000	Eu	0.1 - 1,000	Li*	3 - 50,000	Rb*	0.4 - 10,000	Te	6 - 10,000	Zn	10 - 10,000	
	Ca	0.02 - 40%	Fe	0.01 - 30%	Mg	0.01 - 30%	S	0.01 - 25%	Th	0.1 - 1,000			
	Cd	2 - 5,000	Ga	0.2 - 5,000	Mn	3 - 10,000	Sb	2 - 5,000	Ti	0.01 - 25%			
	Ce	0.8 - 5,000	Gd	0.1 - 5,000	Mo	1 - 10,000	Se	8 - 5,000	Tl	0.1 - 1,000			
	Co	0.2 - 5,000	Ge	0.7 - 5,000	Nb	2.4 - 5,000	Si	0.02 - 30%	Tm	0.1 - 1,000			

*Li and Rb range can be extended on request for Li Exploration

Code	Analytes & Ranges (ppm) - ICP-OES											Price	
UT8	Al	0.01 - 25%	Cr	20 - 10,000	Ni	50 - 10,000	Te	60 - 10,000					€37.50
	As	30 - 10,000	Cu	10 - 10,000	P	0.001% - 4%	Th	60 - 1,000					
	B	200 - 10,000	Fe	0.01 - 30%	Pb	20 - 5,000	Ti	0.01 - 25%					
	Ba	4 - 10,000	Ga	15 - 5,000	S	0.01 - 25%	Tl	30 - 1,000					
	Be	2 - 5,000	K	0.1 - 25%	Sb	15 - 5,000	V	10 - 10,000					
	Bi	10 - 5,000	La	3 - 10,000	Sc	5 - 5,000	W	10 - 5,000					
	Ca	0.02 - 40%	Li	10 - 50,000	Se	50 - 5,000	Y	1 - 1,000					
	Cd	0.5 - 5,000	Mg	0.01 - 30%	Si	0.02 - 30%	Zn	10 - 10,000					
	Ce	30 - 5,000	Mn	10 - 10,000	Sn	10 - 10,000							
	Co	20 - 5,000	Mo	2 - 10,000	Sr	5 - 10,000							

Halogens

Halogen analysis is a great tool to aid with exploration. We offer halogen analysis by INAA (short-lived isotopes) or by fusion.

Code	Method	Detection Limit/Range	Price:
4F-Cl	INAA	0.01%	€33.00
4F-Cl (XRF)	Lithium Borate Fusion with XRF	0.005-5%	€22.50
4F-F (KOH)	KOH Fusion	20-20,000	€24.75
4F-F	Lithium Borate Fusion with Ion Selective Electrode*	0.01%	€25.50
5S-Br	Short Lived Isotopes	5-10,000	€33.00

All elements are in ppm except where noted. Prices per sample.
*results may not be total and will depend on mineralogy in the sample

Mercury

Package	Method	Detection Limit/Range	Price
1G	Cold Vapour FIMS	5-100,000ppb	€10.70

Miscellaneous Analysis

Code	Method	Detection Limit/Range	Price:
4F-B	by PGNAA	2 - 10,000	€40.50
4F-B	by PGNAA	0.5 - 10,000	€48.75
4F-Gd	by PGNAA	0.5 - 10,000	€40.50
4F-FeO	by Titration	0.1%	€24.75
4F-H ₂ O±	Gravimetric and IR	0.1%	€24.00
4F-N	(Total)	0.1%	€36.00

* PGNAA (Prompt Gamma Neutron Activation Analysis)

Carbon/Sulphur Species, Acid Rock Drainage

Carbon & Sulphur Species

Determining carbon and sulphur species can provide valuable information on mineralogy, metallurgy, and environmental issues, pre- and post-project evaluation.



Carbon & Sulphur Species		
Package		Price:
4F - C,S (C 0.01-50% & S 0.01-30%) by IR		€21.75
4F - C-Organic (0.05%) by IR (calc)		€48.75
4F - C-Organic (0.02%) (non carbonate carbon)		€29.25
4F - C-Total (0.01% - 50%) by IR		€16.70
Add-on: if C > 50%		€7.70
4F - C-Graphitic (0.05%-50%) by IR		€30.00
4F - CaCO ₃ by IR (calc)		€26.25
4F - CO ₂ (0.01%) by IR		€21.75
4F - S (0.01% - 30%) by IR		€16.70
Add-on: if S > 30%		€7.70
4F - SO ₃ (0.05%) by IR		€22.50
4F - SO ₄ (0.05%) by IR		€23.25
4F - S ²⁻ (0.01%) by IR		€22.90
4F -LOI 500 °C		€9.20
4F -LOI 1000 °C		€9.95

5G - Carbon & Sulphur/Metallurgical Balance Package		
Element	Detection Limit	Price / Sample
C-Total	0.01-50%	€93.75
C-Graphitic	0.05%	
C-Organic	0.5%	
CO ₂	0.01%	
S	0.01-30%	
SO ₄	0.05%	

Acid Rock Drainage

Code 11: Acid-Base Accounting: Acid Base Accounting (ABA) is used to make static measurements of Acid Rock Drainage potential. Measurements of total sulphur or sulphide sulphur are used to estimate the amount of acid bearing material. Using this information, the Neutralization Potential (NP), Acid Producing Potential (AP) and Net Neutralization Potential (Net NP) are reported.

The Sobek package is the original method described by Sobek for the US EPA. The Modified Sobek package is that by Lawrence and Wang. The Siderite correction package applies a method to limit the overestimation of Net NP in the Sobek method caused by the presence of siderite.

Additional carbon and sulphur species and calculated parameters are available on request for additional cost. Contact us to discuss your specific project requirements and we can provide you with a customised analysis package to meet your needs.

ABA packages			
Parameter	11-ABA Sobek	11-ABA Modified Sobek	11-ABA Sobek Siderite
Paste pH	•	•	•
Fizz Rating	•	•	•
Acid Potential (AP)	•	•	•
Neutralization Potential (NP)	•	•	•
Net NP	•	•	•
Neutralization Potential Ratio (NPR)	•	•	•
Sulphur (total)	•	•	•
Sulphide		•	
Sulphate (total)		•	
Price	€80.75	€133.65	€133.65

Code 11: Net Acid Generation (NAG)

The sample is reacted with hydrogen peroxide to rapidly oxidize sulphide minerals to assess if a sample is capable of neutralizing the potential acid produced. NAG pH and NAG at pH 4.5 and pH 7.0 are reported. False positive results may occur if the sample contains significant organic material. If metals in the leachate require analysis, the leaching process must be done a second time, which means the procedure is charged twice.

Price per sample: \$138.40

Metal Leaching Tests

Actlabs provides a wide variety of leaching procedures including those below with analyses of the leachate to meet your project and regulatory requirements. Contact us to discuss your specific needs.

- Shake Flask Test (SFT), MEND
- Shake Flask Extraction (SFE), ASTM D-3987-12
- Modified Leachate Extraction Procedure (MLEP)
- Special Waste Extraction Procedure (SWEP)
- Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)



Selective Extractions

Selective Extractions (SE) are a cost-effective method of finding blind mineralization through deep cover such as exotic overburden, lake beds, barren bedrock, or younger volcanic rocks. Very subtle trace element signatures have been added to soil above mineralization by elements migrating to the surface through a variety of mechanisms. Some traps for these signatures include Mn oxides, clay, carbonates, and organic material. Varieties of Selective Extractions target different trap types to release the signal of mineralization. A weaker leach is required to isolate the signal of blind mineralization from that of the overburden. Conventional partial leaches, like aqua regia extraction- ICP, extract metals from sulphides, oxides and silicates. This provides a partial composition of the overburden which will contaminate the signal of the buried mineralization. Pattern recognition is the key to proper interpretation of SE data, since anomaly patterns can be different from conventional geochemical data. Selective extractions have been shown to work effectively in both acidic and alkaline environments, and have been used successfully in desert, tropical, glacial and permafrost terrains.

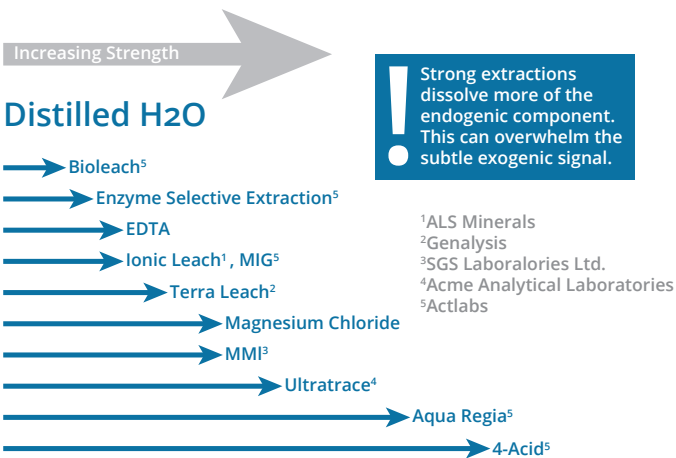
Enzyme Selective Extraction (ESE) is one of the most discriminating of the selective analytical extractions in use today. This selective extraction targets amorphous mixed oxide coatings. By selectively removing the amorphous manganese dioxide from these coatings, the mixed oxide coatings collapse, releasing trapped trace elements. At this time, the greatest depth of penetration of ESE for a mineral deposit is greater than 800 metres.

Bioleach uses technology proprietary to Actlabs. Through years of research by Actlabs, supported by CAMIRO (Canadian Mining Research Organization) with our SGH technology, it has been proven that microbiological processes are exceptionally important. Electrochemical Redox cells mobilize metals from the mineral deposit to the surface which become adsorbed on soil particles and create unique surficial conditions that bacteria then feed upon. Bioleach digests bacteria and their proteins from the collected surficial samples to analyze for the elements related to the blind mineralization.

MIG (Mobile Ion Geochemistry) isolates the chemically active metal ions which were loosely adsorbed to soil particles. This is a weak leach that uses a solution of organic and inorganic compounds to extract target elements.

Preparation and Analysis

The recommended sample material is upper B-horizon soil sampled at a continuous depth. After materials are collected, they are air dried or dried in special rooms kept below 40°C. Samples then undergo the chosen SE under rigidly controlled conditions. The resultant solutions are analyzed by ICP-MS.



Modified from Dave Heberlein, 2013

Add-ons:	Price
Final pH of leach solution	€8.50
Conductivity of leach solution	€8.50
pH and conductivity	€12.95

Tools for Buried Deposit Targets

Selective Extractions					
Package	7-ESE Enzyme SE	7-EnhESE Enhanced Enzyme	7-SaltESE High Salt	7-Bioleach	7-MIG Mobile Ion Geochem
Ag	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Al	0.5ppm	0.5 ppm	0.5 ppm	0.5 ppm	0.5 ppm
As	1	0.1	5	0.5	0.5
Au	0.05	0.005	0.1	0.05	0.05
Ba	1	0.5	1	1	1
Be	2	0.1	20	0.07	0.07
Bi	0.8	0.5	1	0.1	0.1
Br	5	1	30	5	5
Ca	5 ppm	5 ppm	0.5 ppm	5 ppm	0.5 ppm
Cd	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.05	0.05
Ce	0.1	0.01	1	0.02	0.02
Cl	* 2000	* 1000	* 3000	-	-
Co	1	0.2	1	0.1	0.1
Cr	20	3	50	* 2	* 2
Cs	0.1	0.01	1	0.01	0.01
Cu	3	1	5	0.5	0.5
Dy	0.1	0.01	1	0.01	0.01
Er	0.1	0.01	1	0.01	0.01
Eu	0.1	0.01	1	0.01	0.01
Fe	1 ppm	1 ppm	1 ppm	1 ppm	1 ppm
Ga	1	0.3	1	0.1	0.1
Gd	0.1	0.01	1	0.03	0.03
Ge	0.5	0.05	1	0.05	0.05
Hf	0.1	0.01	1	0.04	0.04
Hg	* 1	* 0.1	* 1	* 0.05	* 0.05
Ho	0.1	0.01	1	0.01	0.01
I	2	1	10	1	1
In	0.1	0.01	0.2	0.1	0.1
K	5 ppm	5 ppm	5 ppm	5 ppm	5 ppm
La	0.1	0.01	1	0.01	0.01
Li	* 2	* 0.5	* 10	* 0.2	* 0.2
Lu	0.1	0.01	1	0.01	0.01
Mg	2 ppm	2 ppm	2 ppm	2 ppm	2 ppm
Mn	1	0.4	10	0.1	0.1
Mo	1	0.1	1	2	2
Na	5 ppm	5 ppm	-	-	-
Nb	1	0.1	1	0.2	0.2
Nd	0.1	0.01	1	0.03	0.03
Ni	3	1	5	0.2	0.2
Pb	1	0.1	1	0.1	0.1
Pr	0.1	0.01	1	0.01	0.01
Pt	1	0.5	1	0.5	0.5
Pd	1	0.5	1	0.5	0.5
Rb	1	0.1	1	0.1	0.1
Re	0.01	0.005	0.1	0.01	0.01
Ru	1	0.5	1	0.05	0.05
Sb	0.1	0.01	1	0.2	0.2
Sc	*100	*10	*1000	*0.5	*0.5
Se	5	1	30	1	1
Sm	0.1	0.01	1	0.03	0.03
Sn	0.8	0.2	1	-	-
Sr	1	0.1	1	0.1	0.1
Ta	0.1	0.02	1	0.01	0.01
Tb	0.1	0.01	1	0.01	0.01
Te	1	0.5	1	1	1
Th	0.1	0.01	1	0.02	0.02
Ti	* 100	* 10	* 1000	-	-
Tl	0.1	0.005	1	0.2	0.2
Tm	0.1	0.01	1	0.01	0.01
U	0.1	0.01	1	0.01	0.01
V	1	0.1	5	1	1
W	1	0.1	1	0.01	0.01
Y	0.5	0.05	1	0.02	0.02
Yb	0.1	0.01	1	0.02	0.02
Zn	10	5	10	2	2
Zr	1	0.1	1	0.5	0.5
Price:	€33.20	€43.30	€43.30	€33.20	€33.20

All elements are in ppb except where noted.

* Semi-Quantitative

Sequential Leaches

Sequential leaches can target specific soil or rock phases and allow a better interpretation of the geochemical processes involved. A sample will undergo sequential leaching process starting with the weakest leach to the strongest leach with subsequent analysis of each of the leachates by ICP-MS.



Some of the potential leaches which can be combined sequentially include from the weakest to the strongest:

**Code 7 -
Deionized Water**

This water soluble leach attacks any water soluble component or most labile bound components. The leach is not buffered and can be affected by buffering the sample mineralogy.

**Code 7 -
Enzyme SE**

Selectively goes after amorphous Mn oxides

**Code 7 -
Bioleach**

Characterize the active, mobile metal ion geochemical signature

**Code 7 -
Sodium Acetate
Leach pH 5**

For exchangeable cations adsorbed by clay and elements co-precipitated with carbonates

**Code 7 -
Sodium
Pyrophosphate
Leach**

0.1M leach for elements adsorbed by organic material (humic and fulvic components)

**Code 7 -
MIG Leach**

For mobile metal components

**Code 7 -
Hydroxylamine
Leach Cold**

For amorphous Fe oxides and crystalline Mn oxides

**Code 7 -
Hydroxylamine
Leach Hot**

For amorphous and crystalline Fe oxides and crystalline Mn oxides.

**Code 7 -
Aqua Regia**

Will leach sulphide species and clay minerals

**Code 7 -
Four Acid**

Will dissolve silicate remnant material

Price: €36.95 / leach / sample (unless otherwise listed)

Note: There is a €189.20 set-up charge per leach chosen if there are under 10 samples.

Add-ons:	Price
Final pH of leach solution	€8.50
Conductivity of leach solution	€8.50
pH and conductivity	€12.95

Tools for Buried Deposit Targets

Sequential Leaches					
Package	7-Sodium Pyrophosphate Leach	7-Sodium Pyrophosphate HR-Leach	7-Sodium Acetate Leach	7-Hydroxylamine Leach	7-De-ionized water Leach
Ag	500	8	5	10	0.1
Al	10 ppm	-	5 ppm	10 ppm	0.5 ppm
As	300	160	30	40	0.1
Au	5	28	5	5	0.005
B	-	970	-	-	-
Ba	300	16	1000	50	0.5
Be	50	4	10	20	0.1
Bi	40	1	10	100	0.5
Br	300	2009	500	2000	1
Ca	500 ppm	20	200 ppm	700 ppm	5 ppm
Cd	20	1	10	5	0.1
Ce	40	8	3	2	0.01
Cl	-	-	-	-	* 1000
Co	50	4	5	5	0.2
Cr	* 500	* 24	* 100	* 5000	3
Cs	2	4	2	5	0.01
Cu	600	40	100	40	1
Dy	5	0.1	2	1	0.01
Er	1	0.1	1	1	0.01
Eu	5	0.1	1	0.5	0.01
Fe	50 ppm	400	5 ppm	10 ppm	1 ppm
Ga	20	4	10	5	0.3
Gd	5	0.1	1	1	0.01
Ge	300	4	5	10	0.05
Hf	5	0.4	2	5	0.01
Hg	* 200	* 160	* 20	* 20	* 0.1
Ho	1	0.04	0.5	0.5	0.01
I	1000	80	100	200	1
In	2	0.4	1	0.5	0.01
K	50 ppm	4000	20 ppm	50 ppm	5 ppm
La	20	8	2	2	0.01
Li	* 1000	* 120	* 100	* 50	* 0.5
Lu	1	0.04	0.5	0.5	0.01
Mg	10 ppm	800	5 ppm	10 ppm	2 ppm
Mn	300	400	100	40	0.4
Mo	40	16	20	20	0.1
Na	-	-	-	50 ppm	5 ppm
Nb	20	0.4	1	0.5	0.1
Nd	20	0.4	2	2	0.01
Ni	1000	200	30	80	1
Pb	1000	12	40	20	0.1
Pr	5	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.01
Pt	100	-	100	100	0.5
Pd	100	-	100	100	0.5
Rb	20	20	20	10	0.1
Re	1	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.005
Ru	100	-	100	100	0.5
Sb	20	4	5	5	0.01
Sc	* 300	* 40	* 200	* 200	* 10
Se	700	600	600	200	1
Sm	10	1	2	2	0.01
Sn	-	24	10	100	0.2
Sr	100	40	100	100	0.1
Ta	3	2	1	0.5	0.02
Tb	1	0.1	1	0.5	0.01
Te	200	4	50	10	0.5
Th	100	0.1	1	0.5	0.01
Ti	-	* 40	* 400	* 500	* 10
Tl	100	0.4	0.5	1	0.005
Tm	1	0.4	1	0.5	0.01
U	200	0.4	1	0.5	0.01
V	200	2	20	500	0.1
W	30	4	10	5	0.1
Y	10	1	1	0.5	0.05
Yb	2	0.2	3	0.5	0.01
Zn	1000	1600	2000	500	5
Zr	100	4	80	400	0.1
Price:	€36.95	€50.25	€36.95	€36.95	€36.95

All elements are in ppb except where noted.

* Semi-Quantitative

Tools for Buried Deposit Targets



SGH is a proven innovation to look for mineralization under a wide variety of cover. It is a nano-technology that has been used successfully in over 1,100 surveys.

Please contact us at SGH@actlabs.com or **1.888.228.5227 (1.888.ACTLABS)** for more information and for a custom quotation.

Spatiotemporal Geochemical Hydrocarbons (SGH)

SGH is a dual-purpose geochemistry as it identifies and locates targets at depth as a vertical projection and has been used to successfully discover new previously un-drilled mineral deposits. SGH has been shown to be very robust to the use of different sample types even “within” the same survey or transect. This capability has been vital to the successful use of SGH in areas of difficult terrain. This enables the interpretation of a regular grid or set of transects as samples do not have to be missed due to the different sample types encountered.

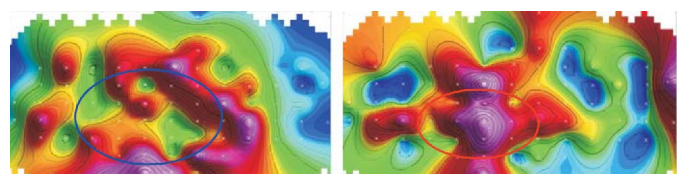
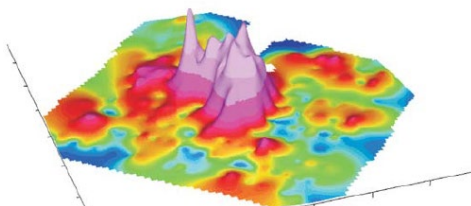
Sample Type and Survey Design: A minimum of 50 sample locations per target is required to ensure that enough locations are used in a survey to obtain sufficient samples into background areas on both sides of small targets. More samples are recommended for large targets. SGH can also be used in regional surveys. Enough samples over both the target and background areas is critical in order to fully study the dispersion patterns or geochromatography of the SGH Pathfinder Classes of compounds. Samples should be “fist” sized (50-100 grams), can be drip dried in the field, and do not need special preservation for shipping.

Pricing for SGH: €37.50 per sample. For large surveys volume discounts may apply, please inquire. Relative or UTM sample coordinates must accompany the samples when submitted to allow development of the SGH interpretation report. Please contact us to help you design your sampling program at no additional cost, in order to obtain the best possible SGH results for your survey. Pricing includes the delivery of an SGH interpretation report for one commodity type (e.g. Cu, Ni, Au, U, Kimberlite, etc.), for more complex targets (e.g. VMS, SEDEX, Polymetallic, IOCG, IOCGU, Cu-Au Porphyry, etc), an **extra price of €393.75** is applied to cover the time for the additional interpretation required.

Sample preparation charges are additional (Code SGH-1).

SGH Case Study Examples *

SGH Gold Anomaly - Near Dryden Ontario



Nested-segmented-halo massive sulphide zone

Central SGH anomaly for Pb mineralization

* Many more case studies available; including for other commodities.

Tools for Buried Deposit Targets

Biogeochemistry

Code 2A - Humus

Code 2B - Vegetation: INAA provides a very cost effective, rapid means of analyzing humus or vegetation to very low detection limits for gold and many other elements useful for geochemical exploration. The organic material is dried below 60°C, macerated and a 15 g aliquot is compressed into a briquette and analyzed using Code 2A or Code 2B depending on whether the material is purely organic (Code 2B) or contains mineral matter (Code 2A). These briquettes are irradiated and their gamma ray spectra are measured and quantified. The advantages of this technique are simplicity (less chance of human error and contamination, ashing is costly and the results in loss of gold) and INAA is the technique with ultimate sensitivity for gold and other trace elements. Prices listed in Codes 2A and 2B are for standard 15 g briquettes. Selected elements may be available at lower costs.

Code 2C - Vegetation Ash INAA

Code 2C1 - Vegetation Ash-ICP-OES:

Prices for Code 2C1 for single element is **€6.75** with each additional element costing **€2.25**.

Code 2D - Vegetation Ash-ICP-MS: Some geologists prefer ashing samples at low temperature (480°C) and determining metals on the ash. This may be advantageous, particularly if base metals are also required for your gold project or for base metal exploration. Note when samples are ashed, there may be volatile loss of certain elements (Au, As, Br, Hg, Cd, etc). Results are reported on an as received basis. Code 2D uses a proprietary acid digestion on the ash followed by ICP-MS and extends the list of elements which are available. Not all elements may be total. This package can be quite useful for diamond exploration.

Code 2E: This package is similar to Code 2D but requires a different digestion of the plant ash to obtain Au, Pt and Pd to low levels. This method has been shown to be very effective for PGE exploration.

Code 2F: Dry vegetation samples are dissolved in acid and analyzed by High Resolution ICP-MS.

Code 2G: Dry vegetation samples are dissolved in acid and analyzed by ICP-MS.

Actlabs only ashes vegetation in dedicated vegetation ashing furnaces to avoid contamination.

	Humus INAA	Vegetation INAA	Ash Package INAA	Base Metal Vegetation Aqua Regia-ICP	Ash Package Digestion ICP-MS	Ash Package ICP-MS Au+Pt+Pd	Vegetation Unashed ICP-MS	Vegetation Unashed HR-ICP-MS
Package	Code 2A	Code 2B	Code 2C	Code 2C1	Code 2D	Code 2E	Code 2G	Code 2F
Ag	2	0.3	2	0.2	0.2	0.2	3	1
Al	-	-	-	-	2	2	4 ppm	-
As	1	0.01	0.5	-	1	3	10	5
Au	1 ppb	0.1 ppb	5 ppb	-	-	5 ppb	0.2	0.1
B	-	-	-	-	5	5	1 ppm	200
Ba	100	5	50	-	3	3	100	1 ppm
Be	-	-	-	-	0.005	0.08	30	0.1
Bi	-	-	-	-	0.05	0.05	2	1
Br	1	0.01	1	-	-	-	-	-
Ca	0.5%	0.01%	0.2%	-	0.1%	0.1%	25 ppm	2 ppm
Cd	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01	6	0.1
Ce	1	0.1	3	-	0.01	0.01	15	0.5
Co	1	0.1	1	-	0.01	0.01	4	0.5
Cr	1	0.3	1	-	1	10	100	10
Cs	0.5	0.05	0.5	-	0.001	0.001	0.2	0.1
Cu	-	-	-	1	0.2	0.2	50	20
Dy	-	-	-	-	0.001	0.001	0.5	0.05
Er	-	-	-	-	0.001	0.001	0.4	0.05
Eu	0.2	0.05	0.01	-	0.001	0.001	0.2	0.1
Fe	0.05%	0.005%	0.05%	-	0.01%	0.01%	3 ppm	0.5 ppm
Ga	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.1	4	0.5
Gd	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01	0.4	1
Ge	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.1	3	10
Hf	0.5	0.05	0.5	-	0.01	0.01	0.4	2
Hg	0.5	0.05	1	-	-	-	2	5
Ho	-	-	-	-	0.001	0.001	0.2	0.01
In	-	-	-	-	1 ppb	1 ppb	0.2	0.1
Ir	5 ppb	0.1 ppb	2 ppb	-	-	-	-	-
K	-	0.01%	0.05%	-	0.01%	0.01%	10 ppm	10 ppm
La	0.1	0.01	0.1	-	0.002	0.002	10	0.2
Li	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	10	5
Lu	0.1	0.001	0.05	-	0.001	0.001	0.5	0.2
Mg	-	-	-	-	0.01%	0.01%	2 ppm	0.5 ppm
Mn	-	-	-	1	0.1	0.1	100	10
Mo	0.5	0.05	2	1	0.1	0.1	10	1
Na	100	1	10	-	0.01%	0.01%	5 ppm	10 ppm
Nb	-	-	-	-	0.005	0.005	2	0.5
Nd	3	0.3	5	-	0.002	0.002	5	0.2
Ni	10	2	50	1	5	5	50	0.1 ppm
P	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 ppm	-
Pb	-	-	-	1	0.1	0.1	50	10
Pd	-	-	-	-	-	3 ppb	0.2	2
Pr	-	-	-	-	0.002	0.002	1	0.5
Pt	-	-	-	-	-	2 ppb	0.2	2
Rb	20	1	5	-	0.01	0.01	10	10
Re	-	-	-	-	0.1 ppb	0.1 ppb	0.2	0.1
Rh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ru	-	-	-	-	-	10 ppb	-	-
Sb	0.1	0.005	0.1	-	0.02	0.02	10	0.2
Sc	0.1	0.01	0.1	-	0.5	0.5	-	1
Se	2	0.1	2	-	1	10	100	0.2 ppm
Si	-	-	-	-	0.2%	0.2%	-	-
Sm	0.1	0.001	0.1	-	0.001	0.001	1	0.1
Sn	-	-	-	-	-	1	50	40
Sr	100	10	300	-	0.1	0.1	40	20
Ta	0.5	0.05	0.5	-	0.001	0.001	0.2	0.1
Tb	0.2	0.1	0.5	-	0.001	0.001	0.2	0.02
Te	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01	8	1
Th	0.5	0.1	0.1	-	0.001	0.001	2	5
Ti	-	-	-	-	1	1	150	20
Tl	-	-	-	-	0.001	0.001	1	0.5
Tm	-	-	-	-	0.001	0.001	0.1	0.05
U	0.1	0.01	0.1	-	0.001	0.001	1	1
V	-	-	-	-	1	10	10	10
W	1	0.05	1	-	0.5	0.5	25	5
Y	-	-	-	-	0.001	0.001	2	0.2
Yb	0.1	0.005	0.05	-	0.001	0.001	0.4	0.4
Zn	20	2	50	1	1	1	400	0.2 ppm
Zr	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	20	5
Price	€22.50	€25.50	€24.75	€11.25	€28.50	€34.50	€36.00	On Request
						5g Price	€39.75	

Codes 2A, 2B, 2C, 2C1, 2D, 2E: all elements are in ppm, except where noted.
Codes 2F, 2G: all elements are in ppb, except where noted.

Tools for Buried Deposit Targets

Hydrogeochemistry

All detection limits are in µg/L except where noted for naturally occurring waters with low TDS <0.05%

Code 6 is applicable only to natural waters with low total dissolved solid content (<0.05%). Any individual cations greater than the dynamic range of the ICP-MS will be reported as (>) unless the Overrange option is chosen. Samples submitted under all Code 6 packages (with exception of Code 6 Dissolved and Code 6 Total Recoverable mentioned below) will be analyzed on the supernatant portion of waters as received, acidified to pH <2 without filtration or digestion. The Code 6 Dissolved package includes filtration with 0.45µ filters while the Code 6 Total Recoverable Natural Waters package include water digestion according to EPA protocols. Samples will be analyzed on the supernatant portion of waters as received, acidified to pH <2 without filtration. For hydro samples being analyzed by ICP-MS or by Ion Chromatography, please include field TDS/conductivity measurements, if available.

Actlabs' unique High Resolution ICP-MS water package provides unrivaled sensitivities for hydrogeochemical surveys on natural waters with low TDS.

From Eppinger et al., 2013: 'Anomalous concentrations of Ag, In, Sb, Th, U, W fall in the exceedingly low ng/l concentrations ranges discernible only with the HR-ICPMS method'. Only HR-ICP-MS could see the deeply-buried Pebble Porphyry Copper Deposit.

Water: 'Lower determination limits for cations analyzed by HR-ICP-MS, a relatively new technique available commercially since around 2005, are commonly two and perhaps three orders of magnitude below those by standard ICP-MS. As a consequence, the resulting dataset is robust and has few highly censored elements (i.e., those with "less than" values), an unusual feature for water analyses. The lower determination limits for elements analyzed by HR-ICP-MS allow observation of element patterns at exceedingly low concentrations ranges.'

Note: The prices for these packages are on the next page.

	ICP-MS	ICP-OES	PGE HR-ICP-MS	HR-ICP-MS	Au HR-ICP-MS
Ag	0.2	5	-	0.002	-
Al	2	0.1mg/L	-	0.5	-
As	0.03	30	-	0.02	-
Au	-	-	-	-	0.1ng/L
B	3**	-	-	0.1	-
Ba	0.1	20	-	0.01	-
Be	0.1	2	-	0.001	-
Bi	0.3	20	-	0.001	-
Ca	700	0.1mg/L	-	5	-
Cd	0.01	2	-	0.001	-
Ce	0.001	30	-	0.001	-
Co	0.005	2	-	0.001	-
Cr	0.5	20	-	0.01	-
Cs	0.001	-	-	0.001	-
Cu	0.2	2	-	0.5	-
Dy	0.001	-	-	0.0005	-
Er	0.001	-	-	0.00005	-
Eu	0.001	-	-	0.00005	-
Fe	10	0.01mg/L	-	1	-
Ga	0.01	-	-	0.001	-
Gd	0.001	-	-	0.00005	-
Ge	0.1	-	-	0.001	-
Hf	0.001	-	-	0.00005	-
Hg	0.2 (0.006+)	-	-	0.05	-
Ho	0.001	-	-	0.00001	-
In	0.001	-	-	0.0001	-
Ir	-	-	1ng/L	-	-
K	30	0.1mg/L	-	1	-
La	0.001	-	-	0.001	-
Li	1	0.05mg/L	-	0.05	-
Lu	0.001	-	-	0.00005	-
Mg	2	0.1mg/L	-	0.2	-
Mn	0.1	0.01mg/L	-	0.05	-
Mo	0.1	5	-	0.005	-
Na	5	0.1mg/L	-	5	-
Nb	0.005	-	-	0.0001	-
Nd	0.001	-	-	0.0001	-
Ni	0.3	5	-	0.5	-
P	--	0.02mg/L	-	-	-
Pb	0.01	10	-	0.005	-
Pr	0.001	-	-	0.00005	-
Pd	-	-	1ng/L	-	-
Pt	-	-	0.5ng/L	-	-
Rb	0.005	-	-	0.005	-
Re	-	-	-	0.0001	-
Rh	-	-	0.5ng/L	-	-
Ru	-	-	3	-	-
S	-	1mg/L	-	-	-
Sb	0.1	10	-	0.001	-
Sc	1	-	-	0.01	-
Se	0.2	20	-	5	-
Si	200	0.1mg/L	-	-	-
Sm	0.001	-	-	0.0005	-
Sn	0.1	10	-	0.01	-
Sr	0.04	10	-	0.01	-
Ta	0.001	-	-	0.0005	-
Tb	0.001	-	-	0.00002	-
Te	0.1	10	-	0.001	-
Th	0.001	-	-	0.00002	-
Ti	0.1	10	-	0.01	-
Tl	0.001	10	-	0.0001	-
Tm	0.001	-	-	0.0001	-
U	0.001	0.05mg/L	-	0.0001	-
V	0.1	10	-	0.001	-
W	0.02	10	-	0.001	-
Y	0.003	10	-	0.0005	-
Yb	0.001	-	-	0.00005	-
Zn	0.5	5	-	0.5	-
Zr	0.01	-	-	0.001	-

All elements are in ppb except where noted.

Tools for Buried Deposit Targets

Hydrogeochemistry

The lab reserves the right to adjust the matrix of the samples to perform the testing required.



Code 6 - Hydrogeochemistry		
Package		Prices
Code 6 - Natural Waters with low TDS (<0.05%)	1-50 samples as received	€47.25
	51+ samples as received	€42.75
Code 6 - Total Recoverable Natural Waters with low TDS (<0.05%)	1-50 samples	€60.75
	51+ samples	€55.90
Code 6 - Dissolved Natural Waters with low TDS (<0.05%)	1-50 samples	€60.75
	51+ samples	€55.90
† Code 6 MB - Marine Water, Brines or other aqueous solutions with TDS > 0.05%		€69.00
† Code 6 MB - Total Recoverable Marine, Brines or other aqueous solutions with TDS > 0.05%		€79.50
† Code 6 MB - Dissolved Marine Water, Brines or other aqueous solutions with TDS > 0.05%		€79.50
Code 6 Overage - Overage elements in Code 6 MB reanalyzed by ICP-OES or ICP-MS if required		add €17.05
Code 6 ICP-OES - Hydrogeochemistry ICP-OES for 36 elements		€25.50
† Code 6 ICP-OES MB - Hydrogeochemistry ICP-OES for Marine Brines		€37.50
Code 6 Hg - Hg(+) option on separate sample by FIMS		add €22.50
Code 6 Boron - Boron add-on by ICP-MS		add €6.75
Code 6 Filter - Samples filtered with 0.45µ filter		add €12.00
Code 6 Au HR-ICP-MS - Au by High Resolution ICP-MS		€67.50
Code 6 HR-ICP-MS - Water analysis by High Resolution ICP-MS		€101.25
Code 6 PGE HR-ICP-MS - PGE by High Resolution ICP-MS		€78.75
Code 6 Acidify - With ultrapure nitric to pH <2		€2.65

Samples submitted as natural waters, but with TDS >0.05% will be charged as 6MB.
Analysis of waste waters and other solutions are available, but at varying costs. Please inquire

† Detection limits for samples with high dissolved solids such as marine waters or brines, may be elevated by a factor of 10-1000.

Ion Chromatography

Code 6B-Ion Chromatography			
Analyte	Detection Limit (mg/L)	Analyte	Detection Limit (mg/L)
Fluoride (F)	0.01	Nitrate (NO3)	0.01
Chloride (Cl)	0.03	Phosphate (PO4)	0.02
Bromide (Br)	0.03	Sulphate (SO4)	0.03
Nitrite (NO2)	0.01		

First analyte: €23.65 | Each additional: €16.35 | All analytes: €59.65

Miscellaneous Analyses

Miscellaneous Analyses		
Code 6C		Price
Acidity		€19.70
Alkalinity (CaCO ₃) [includes carbonate (CO ₃) & bicarbonate (HCO ₃)]		€19.70
BTEX (Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Xylene)		€41.35
Conductivity		€6.55
Cyanide (Total CN)		€41.35
Cyanide (Free CN)		€82.50
Cyanide (Weak Acid Dissociable - WAD CN)		€41.35
Glycols (Propylene & Ethylene)		€38.65
Hardness (must also do Code 6 ICP-OES)		€10.25
NH ₃ + NH ₄ (must provide pH or also do Code 6C pH)		€31.45
pH		€7.55
Phthalates		€81.70
Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH/PNA - 16 compounds)		€153.35
Salinity		€19.70
Sulphur (Elemental)	1-5 samples	€64.50
	6+ samples	€51.55
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) (ISE)		€19.70
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) (Grav)		€39.40
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)		€30.00
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)		€27.00
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon (TPH-GRO/DRO) - C6-C10/C10-C28 for Gasoline/Diesel Range		€107.60
Total Phosphorous		€16.00
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)		€21.45
Trihalomethanes (THM)		€41.35
Turbidity		€10.25



Ores, Concentrates, and Commodities

Ores, Concentrates, and Commodities

Ore-Assays

Assays provide quantitative determinations of elements in non-processed geological materials. Assays are usually required when samples are known or suspected to contain higher levels of metals. For lower levels, geochemical methods should be used. Prices listed in our fee schedule are for natural geologic materials and are not for metallurgical products. Metallurgical products such as concentrates and tail samples are handled separately to prevent contamination in the laboratory. These materials are charged at three times the prices listed in our fee schedule.

Note: Aqua Regia and 4-acid Assays may not be total due to the mineralogy present in the samples.

Note: Additional elements can be analyzed on request



4-Acid "Near Total" Assay (Code 8-4 Acid ICP-OES)	
Elements	Detection Limits
Ag*	3-1500 ppm
Bi	0.003-2 %
Cd	0.003-2 %
Co	0.003-10 %
Cr	0.1-5 %
Cu	0.001-50 %
Fe	0.01-50 %
Li	0.001-5 %
Mg	0.1-40 %
Mn	0.003-5 %
Mo	0.003-10 %
Na	0.01-20 %
Ni	0.003-20 %
Pb	0.003-15 %
S	0.01-50 %
Zn	0.001-30 %
One Element	€13.50
Each Additional Element	€2.25
All Elements	€20.45

Sodium Peroxide "Total" Fusion Assay (Code 8-Peroxide ICP-OES)	
Elements	Detection Limits
Al	0.01-50 %
As*	0.01-2 %
B	0.05-5 %
Be	0.001-1 %
Ca	0.01-50 %
Co	0.002-30 %
Cr	0.01-50 %
Cu	0.005-50 %
Fe	0.05-70 %
K	0.1-50 %
Li	0.01-30 %
Mg	0.01-30 %
Mn	0.01-50 %
Mo	0.001-5 %
Ni	0.005-30 %
Pb	0.01-30 %
S	0.01-60 %
Sb	0.01-1 %
Si	0.01-50 %
Ti	0.01-50 %
W	0.005-5 %
Zn	0.01-50 %
One Element	€17.45
Each Additional Element	€2.65
All Elements	€33.75

*As >2% requires a special fusion, price on request
For concentrates, titration may be applicable. Please inquire.

For Code 8-Peroxide ICP-OES - additional elements available upon request
For Code 8 - Peroxide ICP-OES - for As above 10%, analysis by INAA assay is recommended.

*Ag may be semi-quantitative due to small sample size. For quantitative Ag, request 8-Ag fire assay gravimetric.

Ores, Concentrates, and Commodities

Individual Assays (Non-Processed Geological Material)

Element	Price
Alumina - Al ₂ O ₃	€22.50
Antimony - Sb	€17.45
Arsenic - As	€17.45
Barium (Instrumental) - Ba	€22.50
Barium (Gravimetric) - Ba	€28.50
Beryllium - Be	€22.50
Bismuth - Bi	€17.45
Boron - B	€17.45
Bromine - Br	€33.00
Cadmium - Cd	€17.45
Calcium (oxide) - CaO	€22.50
Cerium - Ce	€26.25
Chlorine - Cl	€33.00
Chromium - Cr	€22.50
Cobalt - Co	€17.45
Copper – see various total and selective methods on page 31	-
Fluorine - F	€25.50
Gold - Au	See Code 1A3, p. 8
Gold-Silver (Au-Ag)	See Code 1A3-Ag, p. 8
Gallium - Ga	€26.25
Germanium - Ge	€26.25
Insolubles	€22.50
Iron (oxide) - Fe ₂ O ₃	€22.50
Lanthanum - La	€26.25
Lead (total) - Pb	€17.45
Lead (oxide) - PbO	€17.45
Lithium - Li	€17.45
Loss on ignition - LOI	€10.50
Mercury - Hg	€22.50
Manganese (oxide) - MnO	€22.50
Magnesium (oxide) - MgO	€22.50
Moisture - H ₂ O (105 °C)	€24.00
Molybdenum (total) - Mo	€22.50
Molybdenum (oxide)	€22.50
Molybdenum (sulphide)	€22.50
Nickel - Ni	€17.45
Nickel - Ni Sulphide	€26.25
Niobium - Nb	€22.50
Phosphorous (oxide) - P ₂ O ₅	€22.50
Platinum-Palladium-Gold (Pt-Pd-Au)	See Code 1C, p.8
Potassium (oxide) - K ₂ O	€22.50
Rhenium - Re (in Mo concentrates)	€41.25
Rhodium - Rh	See Code 1C-Rh, p. 8
Selenium - Se	€22.50
Silicon (oxide) - SiO ₂	€22.50
Silver - Ag	€24.75
Sodium (oxide) - Na ₂ O	€22.50
Strontium - Sr	€22.50
Sulphur (Infrared)	€24.40
Sulphur (Gravimetric) - S	€27.75
Sulphate - SO ₄	€23.25
Tantalum - Ta	€22.50
Tellurium - Te	€24.25
Thallium - Tl	€26.25
Thorium - Th	€26.25
Tin - Sn	€22.50
Titanium (oxide) - TiO ₂	€22.50
Tungsten (oxide) - WO ₃	€22.50
Uranium (oxide) - U ₃ O ₈	€22.50
Vanadium (oxide) - V ₂ O ₅	€22.50
Zinc (total) - Zn	€17.45

Concentrates

Code Conc: Analysis of mine concentrates is a critical step for purchase and sale of commodities as well as optimizing recoveries. Control Assays require the highest degree of accuracy and precision.

Code Conc			
Element	Range	Method	Price:
Ag	0.0-99.99%	Fire Assay – Gravimetric Finish	€97.50
Ag	0.0-99.99%	Fire Assay – Gravimetric Finish	€108.25
Cu	0.5-100%	Titration	€93.75
Fe	10-100%	Titration	see p. 32
Pb	0.5-100%	Titration	€93.75
U	10-100%	Titration	€93.75
Zn	0.5-100%	Titration	€93.75

Bullion

Bullion			
Element	Range	Method	Price
Au	0.1 - 99.99%	Au-fire assay – Gravimetric finish	€131.25

*Two replicate results reported



For processed material, analysis is available upon request



Heavy Mineral Concentrates

Code 3A: Heavy Mineral Concentrates (Thermal Irradiation)

Heavy mineral concentrates prepared from reverse circulation drilling samples or from panned concentrates are expensive to collect. The nugget effect may require that the entire sample be analyzed to ensure that the few particles of gold which may be present can be measured. With INAA the whole concentrate can be analyzed without grinding the samples. The sample is therefore preserved for other chemical or mineralogical work. Actlabs only irradiates with thermal neutrons so as to avoid low gold values due to self-shielding effects from irradiation with epithermal neutrons. The price varies depending on the volume of concentrate to be analyzed.

There are 3 vial sizes available:

Small (2g) €21.95 | Medium (20g) €24.95 | Large (60g) €30.75

Actual weight may vary depending on mineralogy.

Code 3C: HMC Base Metals by Aqua Regia ICP

When the analyses by INAA are completed, the sample is available to determine additional elements by other analytical techniques. Code 3C is a frequently requested Aqua Regia extraction ICP-OES package (0.5g required). First element price for Code 3C is €9.00 with each additional element costing €3.00. All elements €14.25. Code 3C may require the sample to be pulverized finer, if coarser than +177 µm at an additional cost

Package	HMC Thermal (ppm)	HMC Base Metals (ppm)
	Code 3A	Code 3C
Ag	5	0.2
As	2	-
Au	5 ppb	-
Ba	200	-
Br	5	-
Ca	1%	-
Cd	-	0.5
Ce	3	-
Co	5	-
Cr	10	-
Cs	2	-
Cu	-	1
Eu	0.2	-
Fe	0.02%	-
Hf	1	-
Hg	5	-
Ir	50 ppb	-
La	1	-
Lu	0.05	-
Mn	-	2
Mo	20	2
Na	0.05%	-
Nd	10	-
Ni	200	1
Pb	-	2
Rb	50	-
S	-	100
Sb	0.2	-
Sc	0.1	-
Se	20	-
Sm	0.1	-
Sr	0.2%	-
Ta	1	-
Tb	2	-
Th	0.5	-
U	0.5	-
W	4	-
Yb	0.2	-
Zn	200	1

Ores, Concentrates, and Commodities

Actlabs offers exploration techniques for specific deposit types.

Bauxite

Code 8 - Bauxite: Li borate fusion/XRF Price: €35.25			
Elements	Detection Limits	Elements	Detection Limits
Al ₂ O ₃	0.01 - 100 %	Na ₂ O	0.01 - 100 %
BaO	0.01 - 100 %	P ₂ O ₅	0.002 - 100 %
CaO	0.01 - 100 %	SiO ₂	0.01 - 100 %
Cr ₂ O ₃	0.005 - 100 %	TiO ₂	0.01 - 100 %
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.01 - 100 %	V ₂ O ₅	0.005 - 100 %
K ₂ O	0.01 - 100 %	ZrO ₂	0.01 - 100 %
MgO	0.01 - 100 %	LOI 1000°C	0.01 - 100 %
MnO	0.01 - 100 %		

Option:
Code 4F-Sulphate SO₄
(0.3% by Infrared)
Price: €23.25

Chromite

Chromite assays are usually combined with major oxide analysis as other elements are required for the metallurgical use of the chromite. Cr/Fe ratios are very important in assigning value to chromite as well as other deleterious elements.

Code 8 - Chromite Assay by XRF Price: €35.25			
Elements	Detection Limits	Elements	Detection Limits
Al ₂ O ₃	0.01%	MnO	0.01%
CaO	0.01%	Na ₂ O	0.01%
Cr ₂ O ₃	0.01%	NiO	0.01%
Co ₃ O ₄	0.01%	P ₂ O ₅	0.01%
CuO	0.01%	SiO ₂	0.01%
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.01%	TiO ₂	0.01%
K ₂ O	0.01%	V ₂ O ₅	0.01%
MgO	0.01%	LOI	0.01%

For options for Platinum Group Element (PGE) analysis, see page 8 or contact us to discuss.

Coal

Code 8-Coal Package		
Parameter	ASTM Method	Price
Sample Preparation (up to 5 kg)	D2013	On Request
Dry Screen Analysis (1 kg) (first fraction)	D4749	
Specific Gravity (Relative Density)	D167	
Total Moisture (TM)	D3302	
Proximate Analysis (Ash, Inherent Moisture, Volatile Matter)	D3172	
Calorific Value (CV)	D5865	
Total Sulphur	D4239	
Forms of Sulphur (including sulphates, pyritic sulphur and organic S)	D2492	
Mercury	D3684	
Equilibrium Moisture	D1412	
Ash Fusion Temperature (Reducing, Oxidizing, Combined)	D1857	
Bulk Density	-	
F in coal	-	
Cl in coal	-	
Loss on Ignition 750°C	ASTM D7348	

Major and Trace Elements on ash (ppm, except where noted) Price: €210.00

Elements	Detection Limits	Elements	Detection Limits	Elements	Detection Limits
SiO ₂	0.01%	Cr	5	Rb	2
Al ₂ O ₃	0.01%	Cs	0.5	S	0.001%
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.01%	Cu	1	Sb	0.2
MgO	0.01%	Dy	0.1	Sc	0.1
MnO	0.005%	Er	0.1	Se	3
CaO	0.01%	Eu	0.05	Sm	0.1
TiO ₂	0.001%	Ga	1	Sn	1
Na ₂ O	0.01%	Gd	0.1	Sr	2
K ₂ O	0.01%	Ge	1	Ta	0.1
P ₂ O ₅	0.01%	Hf	0.2	Tb	0.1
LOI	0.01%	Ho	0.1	Th	0.1
Ag	0.5	In	0.2	Tl	0.1
As	0.5	Ir	5 ppb	Tm	0.05
Au	2 ppb	La	0.1	U	0.1
Ba	2	Lu	0.01	V	5
Be	1	Mo	2	W	1
Bi	0.4	Nb	1	Y	1
Br	0.5	Nd	0.1	Yb	0.1
Cd	0.5	Ni	1	Zn	1
Ce	0.1	Pb	5	Zr	2
Co	1	Pr	0.05		

Ores, Concentrates, and Commodities

Coltan

Samples not requiring rare earths can be analyzed by fusion with lithium metaborate/tetraborate in platinum crucibles with the molten glass cast into a glass disc in platinum crucibles. These glass discs are analyzed by XRF. Generally low Ta₂O₅ detection limits can not be achieved with this package and the INAA technique is recommended for tantalum.



Coltan XRF		INAA Option	
Elements	Detection Limits (%)	Elements	Detection Limits (ppm)
Ta ₂ O ₅	0.003	Ta	0.5
Nb ₂ O ₅	0.003	Th	0.2
U ₃ O ₈	0.005	U	0.5
ThO ₂	0.005	La	0.5
ZrO ₂	0.003	Ce	3
Fe ₂ O ₃ (T)	0.01	Nd	5
P ₂ O ₅	0.01	Sm	0.1
SnO ₂	0.003	Eu	0.2
Y ₂ O ₃	0.003	Yb	0.2
WO ₃	0.003	Lu	0.05
Price:	€35.25	Price: First element	€24.75
Coltan Concentrates > 10% Nb ₂ O ₅ + Ta ₂ O ₅ : €105.75		Each additional	€1.50

Major Oxide Option Price: €33.75			
Elements	Detection Limits	Elements	Detection Limits
Al ₂ O ₃	0.01%	MnO	0.005%
CaO	0.01%	Na ₂ O	0.01%
Cr ₂ O ₃	0.01%	NiO	0.003%
Co ₃ O ₄	0.005%	SiO ₂	0.01%
CuO	0.005%	TiO ₂	0.01%
K ₂ O	0.01%	V ₂ O ₅	0.005%
MgO	0.01%	LOI	0.01%

Copper

Code 8 - Total Copper		
Parameter	Detection Limit	Price
Cu - Aqua Regia Digestion - ICP-OES	0.001 %	€11.65
Cu - 4-Acid Digestion - ICP-OES	0.001 %	€13.50
Cu - Na Peroxide Fusion - ICP-OES	0.005 %	€17.45

Code 8 - Copper Oxide		
Parameter	Method	Price
Copper Oxide (carbonates)	Cu (acid soluble) by Sulphuric Acid (H ₂ SO ₄) - leach AA	€15.00
	Cu (acid soluble) by Citric Acid leach AA	€15.00
Copper Oxide + secondary Sulphides	Cu (CN soluble) Sodium Cyanide (NaCN) - leach AA	€19.90
	Cu (Ferric Sulphate soluble) by Ferric Sulphate/H ₂ SO ₄ leach AA	€16.50

Code 8 - Sequential Copper Leach	
Parameter	Price
Sequential leach using Cu (acid soluble) H ₂ SO ₄ acid, cyanide leach and 4-acid digestion on final residue	€48.00

Other leaches may be available on request. Contact us to discuss your requirements.

Graphite

Code 8 - Graphite		
Parameter	Detection Limits	Price
C - Graphitic (Infrared)	0.05 %	€31.50
C - Total	0.01 %	€16.70
CO ₂	0.01 %	€21.75
% Ash Yield		€24.75
Liberation and Grain Size (by MLA)		On request
8-Graphite	>50 %	€33.75

Industrial Minerals

Code 8 - Clay, Limestone, Dolomite, Gypsum, Phosphate Price: €35.25		
Elements	Suitable for samples containing < 500 uranium.	Price
Al ₂ O ₃	0.01 - 100 %	
CaO	0.01 - 100 %	
Cr ₂ O ₃	0.01 - 100 %	
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.01 - 100 %	
K ₂ O	0.01 - 100 %	
MgO	0.01 - 100 %	
MnO	0.01 - 100 %	
Na ₂ O	0.01 - 100 %	
P ₂ O ₅	0.002 - 100 %	
SiO ₂	0.01 - 100 %	
TiO ₂	0.01 - 100 %	
LOI 1000°C	0.01 - 100 %	
Options:	Code 4F - Sulphate (SO ₄ - 0.3% by Infrared)	€23.25
	Code 4F - Carbonate (CO ₂ - 0.01% by IR)	€21.75

Iron Ore



Code 8: Iron Ore (XRF) Price: €35.25			
Oxides	Detection Limits (%)	Oxides	Detection Limits (%)
SiO ₂	0.01	CaO	0.01
TiO ₂	0.01	Na ₂ O	0.01
Al ₂ O ₃	0.01	K ₂ O	0.01
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.01	P ₂ O ₅	0.01
V ₂ O ₅	0.003	Cr ₂ O ₃	0.01
MnO	0.005	LOI	0.01
MgO	0.01		

Add-ons	Price	Add-ons	Price	Add-ons	Price
Davis tube magnetic separation	€56.25	Satmagan Test	€17.25	FeO by titration	€24.75
		Metallic Fe by titration	€93.75	TGA Analysis	On Request
		Total Fe by titration	€93.75		

Davis Tube Recovery - Recoveries of ferromagnetic products are evaluated by Grind Size and Magnetic Field Strength (Gauss). To determine the chemical composition, the magnetic and non-magnetic recoveries can be analyzed using a Lithium Metaborate fused disc and analysis by XRF. Contact Actlabs to discuss your requirements as procedures are very ore-specific.

Notes: For geochemical packages, see Code 1F2 (Page 10) for 4-Acid Digestion ICP, Code Ultratrace 7 (Page 16) for Peroxide Fusion ICP-OES+ICP-MS, or Code Ultratrace 8 (Page 16) for Peroxide Fusion ICP-OES. Code 6MB for Multielement brine package.

Lithium Ore

Code 8: Lithium Ore	
Lithium Ore	Price
Li assays by Peroxide Fusion ICP-OES (reporting range 0.01-30%)	€17.45
Li assays by 4-Acid Digestion ICP-OES (reporting range 0.001-5%)	€13.50
Li assays on brines by ICP-OES (detection limit 0.05 mg/L)	€30.00
Any of the above packages can be converted to multielement analysis. Common elements requested are B, Ca, K, Mg.	On Request



Manganese Ore

Code 8 - Manganese Ore: - Li borate fusion/XRF Price: €35.25			
Elements	Detection limits	Elements	Detection limits
Mn	0.01 - 80 %	MgO	0.01 - 100 %
Al ₂ O ₃	0.01 - 100 %	Na ₂ O	0.01 - 100 %
BaO	0.01 - 100 %	P ₂ O ₅	0.002 - 100 %
CaO	0.01 - 100 %	SiO ₂	0.01 - 100 %
Cr ₂ O ₃	0.005 - 100 %	TiO ₂	0.01 - 100 %
Cu	0.005 - 5 %	V ₂ O ₅	0.005 - 100 %
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.01 - 100 %	LOI 1000°C	0.01 - 100 %
K ₂ O	0.01 - 100 %		

Nickel Laterite

Code 8 - Ni Laterite Price: €35.25			
Elements	Detection limits	Elements	Detection limits
Al ₂ O ₃	0.01%	MnO	0.005%
CaO	0.01%	Na ₂ O	0.01%
Cr ₂ O ₃	0.01%	NiO	0.003%
Co ₃ O ₄	0.005%	P ₂ O ₅	0.01%
CuO	0.005%	SiO ₂	0.01%
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.01%	TiO ₂	0.01%
K ₂ O	0.01%	V ₂ O ₅	0.003%
MgO	0.01%	LOI 1000°C	0.01%

Ores, Concentrates, and Commodities

Oil Shale

These analytical methods are used in exploration programs to determine the anticipated shale oil yield and to better delineate core characteristics.

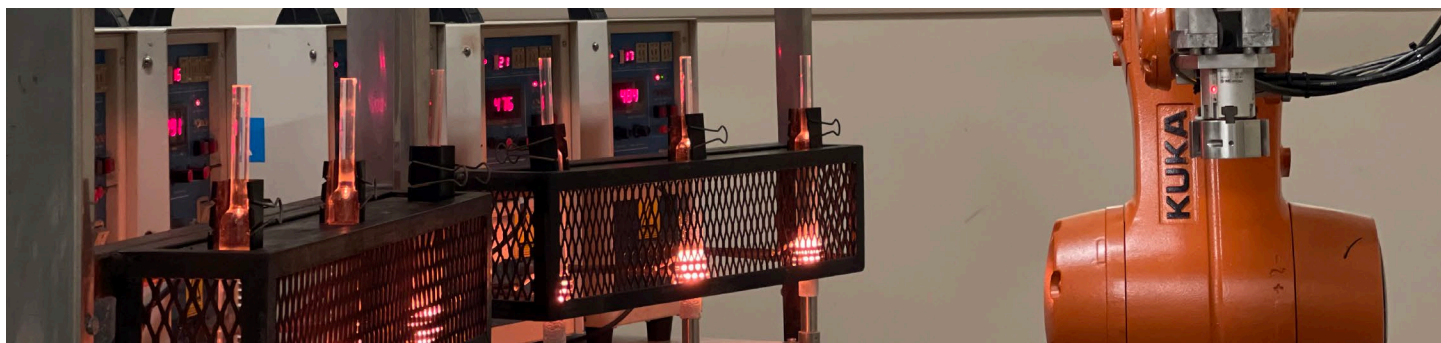


Code 8 - Oil Shale		
Analytical Method	Description	Price/sample
Sample Preparation	Wash, grind, homogenize 40 mesh	€10.30
	Grinding for Fischer Assay	€25.90
Rock-Eval 2 Pyrolysis	S1 - hydrocarbons evolved at 300°C (mg/g)	€183.75
	S2 - hydrocarbons evolved between 300 and 600°C (mg/g) heating at 25°C/min	
	S3 - organic carbon dioxide evolved at 300°C and up to 390°C (mg/g)	
	Production Index, Hydrogen Index, Oxygen Index and TMAX (MUST ANALYZE TOC TO OBTAIN HI AND OI)	
	Total Organic Carbon (LECO)	
Rock-Eval 6 Pyrolysis	Programmed pyrolysis + TOC + CO ₂	€267.75
Fischer Assay-ASTM D3904	Free water - moisture (wt%) by oven drying	Pricing available upon request
	Retort water (wt% and L/tonne)	
	Oil yield (wt% and L/tonne)	
	Gas yield (wt% and L/tonne)	
	Spent shale (wt%)	
	Gas average molecular weight	
	Oil relative density	
Elemental Analysis	Total carbon, sulphur	€23.65
	Total organic carbon	€51.00
	Pyritic Sulphur	€61.15
	Sulphate Sulphur	€41.25
	Mercury	€141.75
	Fluoride	€61.50
	Mineral Identification	€193.50
Whole Rock Analysis	A whole rock analysis is performed to provide chemical analysis of inorganic components of the rock	€41.25

Potash

Includes moisture, insoluble residue left from the water soluble component and the ICP-MS, ICP-OES soluble multielement suite.

Code 8: Potash (ppm) Price: €72.00			
Elements	Detection Limit (ppm)	Elements	Detection Limit (ppm)
Al ₂ O ₃	0.01%	La	1
CaO	0.01%	Li	1
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.01%	Mo	1
K ₂ O	0.01%	Nb	1
MgO	0.01%	Nd	1
MnO	0.01%	Ni	1
Na ₂ O	0.01%	Pb	1
P ₂ O ₅	0.01%	Pr	1
TiO ₂	0.01%	S	10
Ag	0.2	Sc	1
Ba	1	Sm	1
Be	0.2	Sn	1
Cd	1	Sr	1
Ce	1	Ta	1
Co	1	Tb	1
Cr	1	Th	1
Cu	1	U	2
Dy	0.2	V	1
Er	0.2	W	1
Eu	0.2	Y	1
Ga	1	Yb	0.1
Gd	1	Zr	1
Hf	1	Zn	1
Ho	1		



Rare Earth Elements

This package provides comprehensive analysis of Rare Earth Elements (REEs: La, Ce, Pr, Nd, Pm, Sm, Eu, Gd, Tb, Dy, Ho, Er, Tm, Yb, Lu, plus Sc and Y), along with commonly associated elements such as Be, Nb, P, Sn, Ta, Th, U, and Zr. These elements are analytically challenging due to their association with resistate minerals and susceptibility to matrix effects. Therefore, fusion is required as an acid digestion will not provide total recovery.

This package is designed for use in REE exploration and resource estimation and provides:

- Complete recovery for accuracy
- Low detection limits for anomaly definition
- High precision

Samples are finely pulverized to 95% passing 74 µm (200 mesh), fused with lithium metaborate/ tetraborate to ensure full decomposition, and analyzed by ICP-OES and ICP-MS. A mass balance check is performed to ensure oxide totals fall within 98–101%, validating data quality and completeness.

Special Considerations:

- Phosphate Interference: When samples contain more than 0.3% P₂O₅, Hf, Nb, Ta and Zr recoveries may be low and we recommend reanalysis by fusion XRF (Code 8-XRF) for accurate HfO₂, Nb₂O₅, Ta₂O₅ and ZrO₂ values.
- Fluorite-Rich Samples: If fluorite (CaF₂) is suspected, please indicate this on the submission form and request fluorine (F) analysis using Code 4F-F. Without fluorine data, mass balance may not be achieved, leading to delays and required reanalysis.
- Chalcophile elements are semi-quantitative by this method. Quantitative results are available on request for an additional fee.
- This method is not suitable for highly mineralised sulphide samples, concentrates or mill products.

Code	Analytes and Detection Limits - Fusion ICP-OES & ICP-MS (ppm, except where noted)				Price
8-REE Assay	Al ₂ O ₃	0.01%	Rb	2	€69.75
	CaO	0.01%	Sb	0.5	
	Fe ₂ O ₃	0.01%	Sc	1	
	K ₂ O	0.01%	Sn	1	
	MgO	0.01%	Sr	2	
	MnO	0.005%	Ta	0.1	
	Na ₂ O	0.01%	Th	0.1	
	P ₂ O ₅	0.01%	Tl	0.1	
	SiO ₂	0.01%	U	0.1	
	TiO ₂	0.001%	V	5	
	LOI	0.01%	W	1	
	Ag	0.5	Y	2	
	As	5	Zn	30	
	Ba	3	Zr	4	
	Be	1	La	0.1	
	Bi	0.4	Ce	0.1	
	Co	1	Pr	0.05	
	Cr	20	Nd	0.1	
	Cs	0.5	Sm	0.1	
	Cu	10	Eu	0.05	
Ga	1	Gd	0.1		
Ge	1	Tb	0.1		
Hf	0.2	Dy	0.1		
In	0.2	Ho	0.1		
Mo	2	Er	0.1		
Nb	1	Tm	0.05		
Ni	20	Yb	0.1		
Pb	5	Lu	0.04		

Add-On Methods for Code 8-REE Assay			
Code	Description	Detection Limit	Price
8-XRF	HfO ₂ , Nb ₂ O ₅ , ZrO ₂ , Ta ₂ O ₅ by Fusion XRF	0.003%	€26.25
4F-F	Fluorine by ISE*	0.01%	€25.50

*results may not be total and will depend on mineralogy in the sample

Rare Earth Element Analysis - Fusion XRF

Fusion XRF is the preferred technique for high-grade rare earth ores, delivering fast, highly reproducible results. Complete fusion eliminates mineralogical effects and ensures optimal recoveries for refractory elements such as Nb, Ta, and Zr. A cost-effective solution for exploration, resource definition, and process control.

Code	Analytes and Detection Limits (%)						Price
8-REE XRF	Al ₂ O ₃	0.01	Ho ₂ O ₃	0.01	SiO ₂	0.01	€38.25
	BaO	0.01	K ₂ O	0.01	Sm ₂ O ₃	0.01	
	Bi ₂ O ₅	0.02	La ₂ O ₃	0.01	SrO	0.005	
	CaO	0.01	Lu ₂ O ₃	0.01	Ta ₂ O ₅	0.003	
	CeO ₂	0.01	MgO	0.01	Tb ₄ O ₇	0.01	
	Cr ₂ O ₃	0.01	MnO	0.005	ThO ₂	0.005	
	CuO	0.005	Na ₂ O	0.01	TiO ₂	0.01	
	Dy ₂ O ₃	0.01	Nb ₂ O ₅	0.003	Tm ₂ O ₃	0.01	
	Er ₂ O ₃	0.01	Nd ₂ O ₃	0.01	U ₃ O ₈	0.005	
	Eu ₂ O ₃	0.01	NiO	0.003	Y ₂ O ₃	0.01	
	Fe ₂ O ₃ (T)	0.01	P ₂ O ₅	0.01	Yb ₂ O ₃	0.01	
	Gd ₂ O ₃	0.01	Pr ₆ O ₁₁	0.01	ZrO ₂	0.003	
	HfO ₂	0.003	Rb ₂ O	0.01			

Ores, Concentrates, and Commodities

Uranium

Code 8 - Uranium: Total uranium can be determined by delayed neutron counting using an automated system at a nuclear reactor. The principle advantage of this is to provide very rapid and accurate assays for high volumes of samples at a very low cost. The upper limit of this technique is 1% U. Results can be reported as U or U3O8. From 1 to 10% U3O8 fusion XRF will provide the best quality assay results and above 10% U3O8 titration is recommended for accuracy.

Acid digestion using both aqua regia "partial" and 4-acid "near total" digestion with ICP-MS is also possible but uranium in resistate phases (zircon, monazite, etc) may not be included in the assays. "Near Total" digestions may not be total for uranium depending on mineralogy. Hydrofluoric acid is used in the digestion and some uranium may be volatilized due to combination with the HF.

Code 8 - Uranium	Price
Code 5D - U ₃ O ₈ Assay DNC (0.1 ppm - 1% U3O8)	€16.50
Code 8 - U ₃ O ₈ Aqua Regia "Partial" Digestion by ICP-MS	€17.65
Code 8 - U3O8 Assay by XRF (0.005%- 10% U3O8)	€22.50
Code 8 - U ₃ O ₈ Titration (>10% U ₃ O ₈)	€93.75
Code UT2 Uranium + multi-element by Aqua Regia ICP/ICPMS (includes specific U CRM's)	€30.00



Radionuclides

Naturally-Occurring Radioactive Materials (NORM) consist of radioactive material that comes out of the earth's crust and mantle. Human activity results in increased radiological exposure. Industries, excluding uranium mining and all associated fuel cycle activities, are known to have NORM issues, include coal mining and combustion, oil and gas production, metal mining and smelting, mineral (rare earth, titanium and zirconium), fertilizer (phosphate), building and recycling.

Actlabs provides NORM radiological testing to determine whether materials meet the safe limits for handling, disposal and transportation. The following radionuclides are usually regulated under the NORM guidelines: **Uranium²³⁸ Series, Thorium²³⁰, Radium²²⁶, Lead²¹⁰, Thorium²³², Radium²²⁸, Thorium²²⁸ and Potassium⁴⁰.**

Solids and waters are analyzed using a Gamma Spectroscopy method for the NORM radioactive elements.

Code 14 - Radiochemical Test Packages

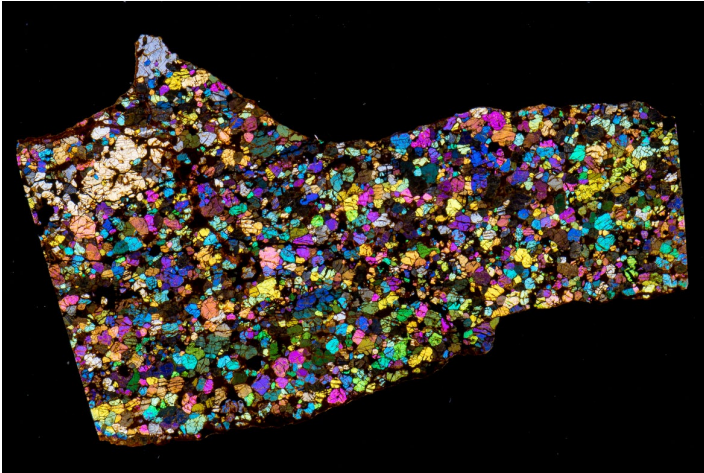
The following radiochemical tests are offered for both geological (solid, water, vegetation, sediment, soil and rock) and environmental materials.

Nuclide	Method	Water - Detection Limit	Water - Sample Requirement	Solid - Detection Limit	Solid - Sample Requirement	Price - Water	Price - Solid
Ra226	Alpha Spectrometry	0.005 Bq/L	1L HNO ₃	0.01 Bq/g	1g	€246.60	€315.20
Gross α, Gross β	L/B Alpha, Beta Counting	α = 0.05 Bq/L; β = 0.15 Bq/L	1L HNO ₃	α = 0.05 Bq/g; β = 0.15 Bq/g	1g	€131.80	€131.80
Pb210	L/B Alpha, Beta Counting	0.01 Bq/L	1L HNO ₃	0.1 Bq/g		€229.80	€308.20
Po210	Alpha Spectrometry	0.01 Bq/L	1L HNO ₃	0.01 Bq/g		€183.60	€273.20
Th230 and Th232	Alpha Spectrometry	0.01 Bq/L	1L HNO ₃	0.01 Bq/g		€267.60	€340.40
Ra228	Beta Counting	0.01 Bq/L	1L HNO ₃	0.04 Bq/g	1g	€413.20	€509.80



Code 15 - Gamma Scan Method: Gamma Spectrometry

Nuclide	Detection Limit	Requirement
Pb210	0.1 Bq/g	
Ra226	0.1 Bq/g	
Pb212	0.05 Bq/g	
Pb214	0.1 Bq/g	
Tl208	0.03 Bq/g	100g
Bi212	0.05 Bq/g	
Bi214	0.1 Bq/g	
Ac228	0.1 Bq/g	
K40	1.0 Bq/g	
Price:		€179.55



MLA & QEMSCAN Services

Applied Mineralogy is a discipline of mineralogy by which the unknowns and problems encountered during different mining steps can be approached and solved. Applied Mineralogy can be used to characterize the ore body, identify and quantify target minerals and their associations, and reveal the liberation, locking and grain size of the favoured phases; The data provided by Applied Mineralogy is essential for ore characterization, optimizing recovery and mineral processing plans.

Geometallurgy is an integrated methodology and multi-disciplinary field which aims to add value to a mineral deposit or resource while looking ahead at risk- reduction, improved decision-making and cost-effective down-stream activities (e.g. development, pre-feasibility, feasibility and production). The objective of successful Geometallurgy is quality ore- characterization and establishing links and relationships between geology, mineralogy and processing characteristics.

For quantitative mineralogical analyses, Actlabs is equipped with FEI Quanta 650F MLA and QEMSCAN 650F instruments; they are state-of-the-art Scanning Electron Microscopes (SEM) with superior resolution and performance over typical SEM systems. The Field Emission Gun source makes for significantly higher resolution analysis relative to regular MLA and QEMSCAN technology. Actlabs' Quanta 650F MLA and QEMSCAN 650F provide rapid, automated, non-destructive quantitative micro analysis used for integrated mineralogical and petrographical analyses.

Actlabs offers mineralogical analysis of assay rejects, drill core, RC drilling chips, plant samples and most other forms of man-made and natural materials. MLA can be applied to precious metals (Au, Pt, Pd, Ag), base metals (Cu, Ni, Co, Pb, Mo, Zn), ferrous and non-ferrous raw materials (Fe, Sn, Mn, W, Ta, Nb, U and REE), mineral sands, and graphite bearing rock.

Deliverable services for Geometallurgy and Applied Mineralogy

Quantified Modal Mineralogy Analysis

A rapid and efficient solution for identifying and quantifying the minerals present with detection limit of 0.1%. The measurement can be done on both thin section and polished section.

Particle and Grain Data Analysis

This type of analysis provides information on texture variations, size distribution of the target minerals, as well as locking and liberation characteristics for the ore minerals. Theoretical grade/recovery curve and association of the ore mineral with the gangue is also provided by this analysis.

Specific Phase Search (Including specific packages for Gold and Silver minerals)

This type of analysis is suitable to find PGM, low-grade levels of ore minerals, and other low-grade minerals like gold and silver. Trace and pathfinder phases can also be characterized. Once trace phases have been identified, data such as grain size distribution, classified images and particle counts can be provided. Actlabs has extensive experience in mineralogical analyses of precious metals as well as the ore minerals. Using our FEG (Field Emission Guns) equipped QEMSCAN/MLA we are able to find and characterize fine micron-sized or sub-micron sized (>0.3 μm) Gold or Silver particles locked in the pyrites, quartz and other gangue minerals. We can perform total precious metal deportment using FEG.

SE/BSE Imaging & Spectrum

Field Emission Gun technology enables us to take high-quality Backscattered Electron (for textural) and Secondary Electron (for topographic) images. In addition, both our MLA and QEMSCAN are equipped with two BRUKER SSD EDS detectors. The combination of detectors with the high intensity bright FEG source provides rapid and therefore low-cost analysis for the customer.

Electron Probe Micro-analyzer

Whenever the major and minor elements of a mineral shall be identified and quantified with a high precision, EPMA in-situ analyses will be the solution. Actlabs has a procedure for oxides, silicates, sulphides and sulphates as well as alloys. EPMA analysis can be done in conjunction with MLA and QEMSCAN measurements as a complementary method.

Petrographic Analysis

For detailed description the rock, its mineralogy and textural relationships, as well as identification of the Coal components, Actlabs employs transmitted/reflected petrographic microscopy (Olympus BX52) on polished thin sections and polished sections.

For more details and quotation inquiries, please contact geometallurgy@actlabs.com.



X-Ray Diffraction

Most minerals are crystalline and therefore scatter X-rays in a regular, characteristic way dependent on their crystal structure. Each mineral produces a unique diffraction pattern and can be identified from that pattern like a fingerprint. Identification of minerals is made by comparing their diffraction patterns with a library of over 17,000 mineral patterns stored in the International Centre for Diffraction Data (ICDD). Detection limits depend on the sample. For geological material, it is estimated that the minerals present in less than 2% of the sample might not be detected. The samples for X-ray diffraction analysis are ground or milled to a fine powder and then hand pressed into the sample holder. Approximately 1cm³ of the material is sufficient for rock mineral analysis but smaller amounts can also be accommodated by using a low background holder.

Code 9	Price
Mineral Identification (semi-quantitative) - minerals are identified and their amounts determined using the Rietveld method	€123.75
Mineral Identification (quantitative) - minerals are identified and their amounts determined using the Rietveld method Corundum is added to the sample as an internal standard in order to determine the amount of X-ray amorphous material	€187.50
Mineral Identification (qualitative) - minerals are identified, however their amounts are not determined	€93.75
Clay Speciation	€206.25
Mineral Identification (Rietveld) + Clay Speciation	€307.50

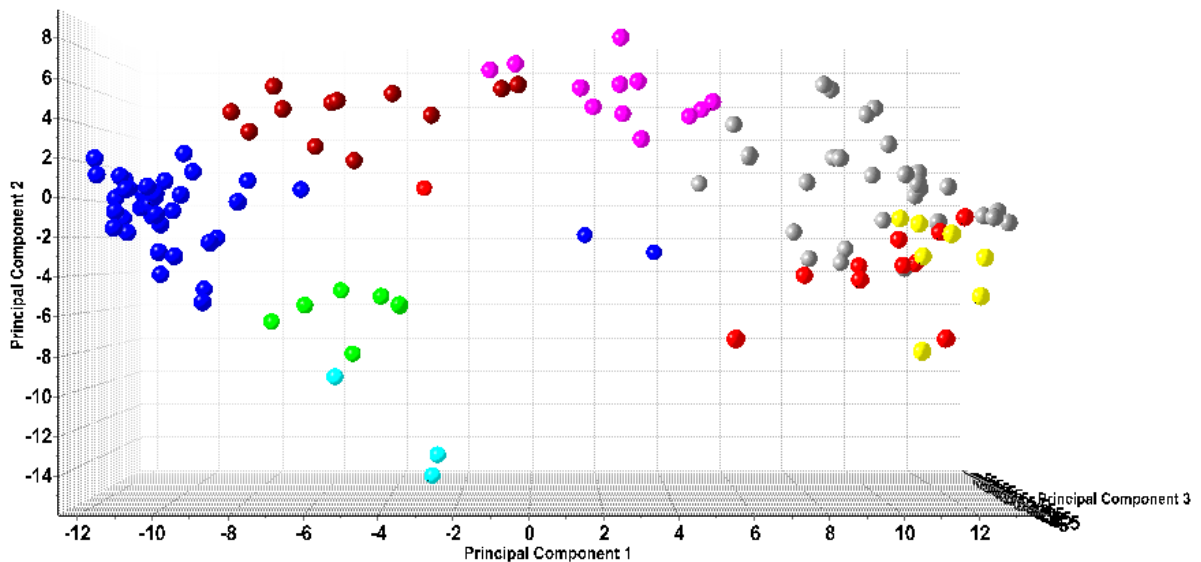
XRD Cluster Analysis

This is a statistical tool that groups XRD patterns into clusters based on the similarity of their peak and profile information, and it can be used to rapidly group large data sets into smaller clusters with more similar mineralogy. This has potential applications for mining and exploration, wherein clustering would highlight existing changes in mineralogy within a deposit. Clustering would also be useful for determining mineralogical variability within metallurgical processing samples that could inform methodology.

Some Useful Applications:

- Create a multidimensional compositional ore deposit maps or alteration maps
- Ore grade control

Pricing available upon request.



Advanced Analytical Techniques for Critical Minerals: Laser Ablation Inductively Coupled Plasma–Mass Spectrometry (LA-ICP-MS)

Our Geochemistry Division provides LA-ICP-MS services for exploration, resource evaluation, and research on critical and strategic minerals. High-resolution microanalysis is integrated with automated mineralogy and complementary geochemical data to deliver robust, defensible results.

Core Capabilities

- In-situ trace element and isotopic microanalysis
- Integrated workflows combining LA-ICP-MS, SEM, MLA/automated mineralogy, and bulk geochemistry
- Mineral department, geometallurgy, and ore system characterization
- Applications to precious metals, REE, lithium, and other critical metals
- Expert support for sample preparation, calibration, QA/QC, and data interpretation
- Data delivery supporting exploration, resource development, and low-carbon initiatives

Electron Microprobe Analysis

The electron microprobe is used to determine the major and minor elements compositions of minerals in polished sections. It is an in-situ microbeam instrument, like the SEM, but wavelength spectrometers (WDS) are used to detect the X-ray counts from the sample surface instead of the EDS. Unlike the EDS, which detects and counts the X-rays signals for all elements at the same time, the WDS counts X-rays signals for only one element at a time. The WDS can count many more X-rays for the specific element in the same length of time and hence is more accurate than EDS, and has a lower detection limit. The relative error for microprobe is +/- 1% with detection limit of around 100.

Invisible Gold and Silver in Iron Sulfides (Geometallurgy)

Application: Gold systems and refractory ores

- Polished section preparation from ores, concentrates, or sink fractions
- MLA mapping of pyrite and arsenopyrite
- LA-ICP-MS quantification of invisible Au and Ag
- Supports metallurgical recovery and process optimization

Strategic Metals in Sulfides (Exploration / Geometallurgy)

Application: Ni-Co-PGE and polymetallic sulfide systems

- Polished section preparation and MLA mineralogical characterization
- LA-ICP-MS analysis of sulfides for Ni, Co, Cr, Cd, Pd, Pt, and Ag
- Supports exploration vectoring and geometallurgical modeling

Rare Earth Elements in Carbonates, Silicates, and Phosphates (Exploration)

Application: REE and critical mineral exploration

- Polished section preparation and automated mineralogy
- LA-ICP-MS quantification of REE-bearing minerals

Lithium in Micas, Pyroxenes, and Clays (Exploration)

Application: Lithium exploration and resource evaluation

- Mineral mapping and phase selection
- LA-ICP-MS quantification of lithium in key minerals
- Supports mineralogical interpretation and exploration decisions

All pricing is by request. Please Contact geometallurgy@actlabs.com

Metallurgical Services

Actlabs offers a full characterization of the ore and evaluation and testing of ore processing and extraction methods. We use geometallurgy techniques to characterize the ore and forecast the behavior of the ore and gangue minerals during processing and optimize the recovery.

We offer bench-scale metallurgical testing which is customized and designed in consultation with each client and project. Services offered cover a wide range of precious metals, base metals and industrial minerals. Additional Services may become available on site and additional services including pilot plant tests are available through a partner service provider, please enquire.



Metallurgical services offered include:

Code S6	Separating -2 micron material
Code S7mi	Methylene iodide heavy mineral separation specific gravity can be customized (100 grams)
Code S7w	Sodium polytungstate heavy mineral separation specific gravity can be customized (100 grams)
Sample Preparation	Custom preparation of small to bulk samples including compositing, blending and preparation of representative test sub-samples Customized crush and grind size
Comminution	Crushing (Jaw & Roll), Grinding (Steel Ball & Rod, Ceramic Media), Bond Work Index ,Size Classification (Screening and Cyclosizing)
Gravity Concentration	Centrifugal Concentration (Knelson), Shaking Table (Wilfley), Heavy Liquid Separation
Flotation	Batch Flotation, Kinetic Testing, Locked Cycle Testing
Hydrometallurgy	Bottle roll and tank leaching, Cyanide, acid and alkaline leach, CIL & CIP, Activated Carbon Testing (Adsorption & Quality), Sequential Diagnostic Leaching

All pricing is by request. Please contact metallurgy@actlabs.com

Isotopic Analysis & Geochronology

Isotopic Analysis

When submitting samples, please supply details on rock or mineral type and alteration.

Isotopic Analysis			
Code 10 A - Parameter	Amt. Required	Precision	Price
Pb - Isotopic analysis by HR-ICP-MS (Pb >15ppm) (1-10 samples)	~ 1 g	0.4 - 0.5%	€192.75
Pb - Isotopic analysis by HR-ICP-MS (Pb >15ppm) (>10 samples)	~ 1 g	0.4 - 0.5%	€142.30
Pb - Isotopic analysis	~ 1 g	0.1 - 0.2%	On request
Nd - Isotopic Analysis	~ 1 g		On request
Sr - Isotopic Analysis	~ 1 g		On request
Sm-Nd - Isotopic Analysis	~ 1 g		On request
Rb-Sr - Isotopic Analysis	~ 1 g		On request
Hg - Isotopic Analysis	~ 1 g		On request
$\delta^{13}\text{C}$ - Graphite or Organic Material	1 mg C	0.2 ‰	€ 90.00
$\delta^{13}\text{C}$ and $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ - Carbonates	1 mg C	0.2 ‰	€ 90.00
$\delta^{13}\text{C}$ and $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ - Siderite, Magnesite, Dolomite	1 mg C	0.2 ‰	€ 90.00
Nitrogen Isotopes - Organic Material			€ 142.30
Deuterium Isotopic Analysis - Water	20 ml	3.0 ‰	€ 178.90
Deuterium Isotopic Analysis - Minerals	1 mg	0.2 ‰	€ 309.00
$\delta^{18}\text{O}$ - Water	20 mL	0.2 ‰	€ 120.75
$\delta^{18}\text{O}$ - Silicates	15 mg	0.3 ‰	€ 166.50
$\delta^{18}\text{O}$ - Sulphates	25 mg	0.3 ‰	€ 144.40
$\delta^{18}\text{O}$ - Organics	10 mg N	0.2 ‰	€ 148.70
$\delta^{34}\text{S}$ - Sulphate	10 mg	0.2 ‰	€ 79.50
$\delta^{34}\text{S}$ - Sulphate in water			€ 135.20
$\delta^{34}\text{S}$ - Sulphide	5 mg	0.2 ‰	€ 79.50
$\delta^{34}\text{S}$ - Sulphide-bearing material which contains carbonate	100 mg	0.2 ‰	€ 135.95
δ^{34} - Silicate rocks which contain sulphur			€ 135.95
^3H - Direct	20 mL	8.0 TU	€ 154.90
^3H - Enriched	1L	0.8 TU	€ 414.75
^3H - Accelerator Mass Spectrometry (AMS)	1L		€ 641.25
C-14 - Accelerator Mass Spectrometry (AMS)	please inquire		€ 549.95

Geochronology

The dating strategy depends on the type of formation (magmatic, metamorphic or sedimentary), the sample composition and the age of the formation. The concentration of the mother and the daughter isotopes, as well as the apparent age can be determined with high precision. In many cases, however, the determined age may not be the real age of the geological event. The apparent age may be affected by the post-depositional or post-formation history of the rocks. Natural contamination of chemical sediments with detrital material can also affect the results of dating of diagenesis.

There are some techniques and calculations which can "look through" the post formation event. These include isochron dating (K-Ar, U-Pb, Rb-Sr and Sm-Nd) or the step heating Ar-Ar technique of the K-Ar method. In the Ar-Ar technique, the K and Ar are measured on the same sample aliquot. First the sample is irradiated in a nuclear reactor, where fast neutrons convert some of the ^{39}K to ^{39}Ar . After irradiation, the Ar is released fractionally by incremental heating. The result is a series of apparent ages from which useful information about the geologic history and the age of the sample can be inferred. Specific techniques for dating clay fractions have also been developed.

CODE 10B - Ages of geological formations or secondary events (i.e. alteration or metamorphism) can be determined through using K-Ar, (Ar-Ar), U-Pb, Rb-Sr or the Sm-Nd dating methods. These analytical procedures include several steps:

- (i) dating method selection
- (ii) sample collection
- (iii) sample preparation, mineral separation and treatment
- (iv) irradiation of the samples in a nuclear reactor for the Ar-Ar technique
- (v) high precision determination of the concentration of the mother and daughter isotopes by TIMS (thermal ionization mass spectrometry)
- (vi) apparent age calculation and interpretation of the results

Our geochronological services provide dating methods for all types of geological samples through use of modern analytical facilities.

For the dating of a monomineralic sample only tens of milligrams of sample are required. For rocks, a few hundred milligrams are typically used for analysis. Size of the rock sample required will vary considerably for mineral separation depending on which minerals must be separated and the amount and type of the accessory minerals present.

Geochronology	
10 B - Services Offered	Description (All prices by request)
K-Ar dating	Rock fractions, clay fractions and separated minerals (e.g., biotite, hornblende, sericite, K-feldspar, illite, glauconite, etc.)
K-Ar dating in duplicate	Two independent measurements on one sample
^{40}Ar - ^{39}Ar step heating dating	Rock fractions, clay fractions or separated minerals (e.g., biotite, hornblende, sericite, K-feldspar, illite, glauconite, etc.)
U-Pb dating by Laser Ablation	Single grain analysis (e.g., zircon, monazite, titanite, apatite)
Rb-Sr dating by TIMS	Isochron dating whole rock and minerals
Sm-Nd dating by TIMS	Isochron dating whole rock and minerals
Re-Os dating	Re-Os dating
Petrographic description	Includes thin section preparation
Mineral Separation	Specific mineral phases are separated to provide best data for age dating

Discounts may be applicable for large dating programs. Contact geochronology@actlabs.com for more information

Mine Site Services

Mine Site Laboratories allow you to receive a range of Actlabs services on site at your exploration or mining facility. Our mine site laboratory services are custom designed to suit the requirements of your project.

Custom Mobile Sample Laboratories

For those projects that have logistical barriers or it's more economical to process samples on-site, Actlabs Mobile Sample Laboratories is your solution. Actlabs can provide and deliver a complete turnkey package to operate an on-site preparation or complete laboratory anywhere in the world. The construction and operation of remote sample testing facilities requires very robust choice of equipment to ensure reliability and to minimize downtime. These labs, with state-of-the-art equipment and supplies, can be configured and supplied very quickly as Actlabs maintains a stock of new equipment for custom mobile labs

Some equipment which may be employed in mobile sample labs include:

- Jaw crushers
- Pulverizers
- Splitters (Riffle or Rotary)
- Dust collectors
- Drying ovens
- Core saws

In order to recommend the best solution for your project, we require the following information:

- Type of Analysis Required
- Size and Type of Sample
- Number of samples to be processed per day (maximum and minimum)
- How long the program will operate

Our experienced Mobile Laboratory Team can provide Standard or a customized solution based on your project requirements and is 'Fit for Purpose'. Contact our Client Service Team to discuss your project needs and how Actlabs Custom Mobile Laboratories is the right fit for you; mobilelabs@actlabs.com.



Mine Site Laboratory Services

Mine site laboratories allow you to receive a range of Actlabs services on site at your mining facility. Our mine site laboratory services are fit for propose and designed to suit the requirements of your project.

At Actlabs we:

- Design and build new mine site labs for sample preparation and/or analytical services
- Optimize existing mine site labs
- Expand mobile sample preparation facilities into full-service labs.
- Operate and maintain mine site labs
- Perform Laboratory audits
- Offer training and consulting

Terms and Conditions

Fees and Payment

- a) All prices in this pricelist are exclusive of GST/HST, are in Canadian dollars and apply only to clients submitting samples from Canada
- b) These prices apply to most geological materials for routine analyses. A surcharge may apply for abnormal matrices or non-routine analytical requirements. The client will be advised of any such conditions prior to performing the analytical work.
- c) A minimum charge of €150.00 will be effective on all orders. A fee of €75.00 will be charged if a Chain of Custody form is required.
- d) Payment should accompany the order unless credit has been established. Terms are net 30 days.
- e) Prices and packages are subject to change without notice.
- f) Customers are responsible for paying bank charges and should not be deducted from the total amount of the invoice.
- g) Please select OUR under Details of Charges when paying by direct bank deposit (EFT).
- h) Clients can pay invoices by cheque, bank draft, Visa, Mastercard, AMEX or direct bank deposit (EFT). To pay by credit card, a signature is required - either in the original paperwork or sent by fax or e-mail. We also require the security code found on the card. If paying by Western Union please add a surcharge of 10% to your payment.
- i) Any customs or shipping charges incurred while shipping samples to Actlabs is the responsibility of the customer, unless specified otherwise.

Use of Laboratory Data

- a) The Laboratory may use data generated in performing the Services ("Laboratory Data") solely in aggregated, anonymized, and de-identified form, such that the Client, any project, site, location, or commercially sensitive information cannot reasonably be identified, and only for the Laboratory's internal purposes, including quality control, method development, research and development, and the development and validation of analytical, statistical, and artificial-intelligence models.

- b) The Laboratory shall not use Laboratory Data to profile, benchmark, rank, or infer the performance, operations, reserves, resources, or commercial position of the Client or any specific mining project, nor disclose Client-identifiable Laboratory Data or permit third-party use without the Client's prior written consent, except as required by law.
- c) No ownership rights in Client samples or Client-identifiable data are transferred. All intellectual property arising from the permitted use of Laboratory Data vests in the Laboratory, provided the Client and its operations cannot be identified.

Liability

- a) Any analysis, testing, inspection or investigation in connection with any work performed by Activation Laboratories Ltd. shall be conducted in accordance with recognized professional analytical standards. Neither Activation Laboratories Ltd., nor its subcontractors, consultants, agents, officers or employees shall be held responsible for any loss or damage resulting directly or indirectly from any default, negligence, error or omission. While every effort will be taken to store the unused portion of your samples, Activation Laboratories Ltd. cannot bear any responsibility for loss or damage, regardless of the cause.
- b) The liability, if any, of Activation Laboratories Ltd. shall be limited to the cost of performing the analyses.
- c) Governing law shall be in the Province of Ontario, Canada.

Services

- a) We reserve the right to subcontract work to affiliated laboratories.
- b) It is the responsibility of the client to determine the suitability of any services provided by Activation Laboratories Ltd.

Confidentiality

- a) All data derived on client's samples is confidential only to the client and cannot be disclosed to other parties unless approved in writing by the client. In the event of demands by regulatory bodies data may be released to them if subpoenaed. Actlabs will inform and obtain consent in advance from the customers for the information the laboratory intends to make public.

For direct bank deposit,
pay to the account of
Activation Laboratories Ltd.

Royal Bank of Canada
180 Wellington St. West
3 Floor, Foreign Exchange
Toronto, Ontario CANADA

SWIFT: ROYCCAT2
Transit/account number: 092118700916
Favour: Activation Laboratories Ltd.



Useful Information

Geochemistry vs. Assays

Geochemistry analysis provides an expected precision of +/- 20% at ≥100x the detection limit. This type of analysis is for trace levels of metals and base metals generally less than 1%.

Assays analyses are for ore reserve calculations and can measure higher levels of metals and with increased precision of +/- 2-3% at greater than 100x the detection limit. For major elements the precision is expected to be +/- 1-2% at greater than 100x the detection limit.

Chemical Conversions		
Element	Compound	Factor
Al	Al ₂ O ₃	1.889
Ba	BaSO ₄	1.699
Ca	CaO	1.399
CaO	CaCO ₃	1.785
CaO	CaSO ₄	3.397
Ca	CaF ₂	1.948
CaO	CaF ₂	1.392
Cr	Cr ₂ O ₃	1.462
Fe	FeO	1.286
FeO	Fe ₂ O ₃	1.111
Fe	Fe ₂ O ₃	1.43
K	K ₂ O	1.205
Li	Li ₂ O	2.1527
Mg	MgO	1.658
Mn	MnO	1.291
Mo	MoS ₂	1.668
Na	Na ₂ O	1.348
P	P ₂ O ₅	2.291
Rb	Rb ₂ O	1.0936
S	SO ₄	2.996
Sr	SrSO ₄	2.096
Th	ThO ₂	1.138
Ti	TiO ₂	1.668
U	U ₃ O ₈	1.179
W	WO ₃	1.261
V	V ₂ O ₅	1.785
Zr	ZrO ₂	1.35

Common Tyler Sieve Sizes	
Mesh	Aperature (µm)
10	2,000
20	841
35	500
60	250
80	177
100	149
150	105
170	88
200	74
250	63
270	53
325	44
400	37

Common Drill Core Sizes		
Size	Core Diameter (mm)	Core Volume Per Meter Length (m ³ x10 ⁻³)
AQ	27.0	0.57
TT	35.0	0.96
BQ	36.4	1.04
NQ	47.6	1.78
HQ	63.5	3.17
BQ3	33.5	0.88

Core weight per metre (kg) =
Core volume per metre x specific gravity

Gold Conversion Factors	
1 ppb	0.001 g/t
1 ppm	1 g/t
1 oz/ton	34.286 g/t
1 gram/tonne	0.0292 oz/ton
1 gram/m3	0.0421oz/yd3

Grain Size (Diameter)	
Gravel	2 to 4 mm
Sand	63 µm - 2 mm
Silt	4-63 µm
Clay	<4 µm

Pulverization Contaminants Added	
Mill Type	Contaminant Added
Mild Steel (best choice)	Fe (up to 0.2%)
Hardened Steel	Fe (up to 0.2%), Cr (up to 200 ppm), trace Ni, Si, Mn and C
Ceramic	Al (up to 0.2%), Ba, trace REE
Tungsten Carbide	W (up to 0.1%), Co, C, Ta, Nb and Ti
Agate	Si (up to 0.3%), Al, Na, Fe, K, Ca, Mg, Pb

(amount added depends on hardness of material and particle size required)

Ore Content	
1% Cu	2.89% CuFeS ₂ (chalcopyrite)
1% Mo	1.67% MoS ₂ (molybdenite)
1% Pb	1.15% PbS (galena)
1% U	1.18% U ₃ O ₈ (pitchblende)
1% W	1.26% WO ₃ (scheelite)
1% Zn	1.49% ZnS (sphalerite)
1% Fe	2.15% FeS ₂ (pyrite)
1% Fe	1.57% FeS (pyrrhotite)
1% Fe	1.38% Fe ₃ O ₄ (magnetite)
0.1% U ₃ O ₈	2 lbs/ton U ₃ O ₈



PERIODIC TABLE OF THE ELEMENTS

1 IA H Hydrogen 1.008 1	2 IIA Be Beryllium 9.0122 2	3 Li Lithium 6.94 2-1	4 B Boron 10.81 2-3	5 B Boron 10.81 2-3	6 VIB Cr Chromium 51.9961 2-3-5-6	7 VIIB Mn Manganese 54.938044 2-3-5-6-7	8 VIIB Fe Iron 55.845 2-3-6-7	9 VIIB Co Cobalt 58.933 2-3-5-7	10 VIIB Ni Nickel 58.693 2-3-6-7	11 IB Cu Copper 63.546 2-3-8-1	12 IIB Zn Zinc 65.38 2-3-8-2	13 IIIA Al Aluminum 26.982 2-3-3	14 IVA C Carbon 12.011 2-4	15 VA N Nitrogen 14.007 2-5	16 VIA O Oxygen 15.999 2-6	17 VIIA F Fluorine 18.998 2-7	18 VIIIA He Helium 4.0026 2												
19 K Potassium 39.0983 2-4-1	20 Ca Calcium 40.078 2-3-2	21 Sc Scandium 44.955908 2-3-2	22 IVB Ti Titanium 47.867 2-3-3-2	23 VB V Vanadium 50.9415 2-3-1-2	24 VIB Cr Chromium 51.9961 2-3-5-6	25 VIIB Mn Manganese 54.938044 2-3-5-6-7	26 VIIB Fe Iron 55.845 2-3-6-7	27 VIIB Co Cobalt 58.933 2-3-5-7	28 VIIB Ni Nickel 58.693 2-3-6-7	29 IB Cu Copper 63.546 2-3-8-1	30 IIB Zn Zinc 65.38 2-3-8-2	31 Ga Gallium 69.723 2-3-8-3	32 Ge Germanium 72.630 2-3-8-4	33 As Arsenic 74.922 2-3-8-5	34 Se Selenium 78.971 2-3-8-6	35 Br Bromine 79.904 2-3-8-7	36 Kr Krypton 83.798 2-3-8-8												
37 Rb Rubidium 85.4678 2-4-1	38 Sr Strontium 87.62 2-3-8-2	39 Y Yttrium 88.90584 2-3-8-2	40 IVB Zr Zirconium 91.224 2-3-8-2	41 VB Nb Niobium 92.90637 2-3-8-2	42 VIB Mo Molybdenum 95.95 2-3-8-1	43 VIIB Tc Technetium (98) 2-3-8-2	44 VIIB Ru Ruthenium 101.07 2-3-8-1	45 VIIB Rh Rhodium 102.91 2-3-8-1	46 VIIB Pd Palladium 106.42 2-3-8-8	47 IB Ag Silver 107.87 2-3-8-1	48 IIB Cd Cadmium 112.41 2-3-8-2	49 In Indium 114.82 2-3-8-3	50 Sn Tin 118.71 2-3-8-4	51 Sb Antimony 121.76 2-3-8-5	52 Te Tellurium 127.60 2-3-8-6	53 I Iodine 126.90 2-3-8-7	54 Xe Xenon 131.29 2-3-8-8												
55 Cs Caesium 132.90545196 2-3-8-1	56 Ba Barium 137.327 2-3-8-2	57-71 Lanthanides	72 Hf Hafnium 178.49 2-3-8-2	73 Ta Tantalum 180.94788 2-3-8-2	74 W Tungsten 183.84 2-3-8-2	75 Re Rhenium 186.207 2-3-8-3	76 Os Osmium 190.23 2-3-8-2	77 Ir Iridium 192.22 2-3-8-5	78 Pt Platinum 195.08 2-3-8-1	79 Au Gold 196.97 2-3-8-1	80 Hg Mercury 200.59 2-3-8-2	81 Tl Thallium 204.38 2-3-8-3	82 Pb Lead 207.2 2-3-8-4	83 Bi Bismuth 208.98 2-3-8-5	84 Po Polonium (209) 2-3-8-6	85 At Astatine (210) 2-3-8-7	86 Rn Radon (222) 2-3-8-8												
87 Fr Francium (223) 2-3-8-1	88 Ra Radium (226) 2-3-8-2	89-103 Actinides	104 Rf Rutherfordium (261) 2-3-8-2	105 Db Dubnium (262) 2-3-8-2	106 Sg Seaborgium (263) 2-3-8-2	107 Bh Bohrium (264) 2-3-8-2	108 Hs Hassium (277) 2-3-8-2	109 Mt Meitnerium (268) 2-3-8-2	110 Ds Darmstadtium (281) 2-3-8-2	111 Rg Roentgenium (282) 2-3-8-2	112 Cn Copernicium (285) 2-3-8-2	113 Nh Nihonium (284) 2-3-8-3	114 Fl Flerovium (289) 2-3-8-4	115 Mc Moscovium (290) 2-3-8-5	116 Lv Livermorium (293) 2-3-8-6	117 Ts Tennessine (294) 2-3-8-7	118 Og Oganesson (294) 2-3-8-8												
89 Ac Actinium (227) 2-3-8-1	90 Th Thorium 232.04 2-3-8-2	91 Pa Protactinium 231.04 2-3-8-2	92 U Uranium 238.03 2-3-8-2	93 Np Neptunium (237) 2-3-8-2	94 Pu Plutonium (244) 2-3-8-2	95 Am Americium (243) 2-3-8-2	96 Cm Curium (247) 2-3-8-2	97 Bk Berkelium (247) 2-3-8-2	98 Cf Californium (251) 2-3-8-2	99 Es Einsteinium (252) 2-3-8-2	100 Fm Fermium (257) 2-3-8-2	101 Md Mendelevium (258) 2-3-8-2	102 No Nobelium (259) 2-3-8-2	103 Lr Lawrencium (260) 2-3-8-2	104 Rf Rutherfordium (261) 2-3-8-2	105 Db Dubnium (262) 2-3-8-2	106 Sg Seaborgium (263) 2-3-8-2	107 Bh Bohrium (264) 2-3-8-2	108 Hs Hassium (277) 2-3-8-2	109 Mt Meitnerium (268) 2-3-8-2	110 Ds Darmstadtium (281) 2-3-8-2	111 Rg Roentgenium (282) 2-3-8-2	112 Cn Copernicium (285) 2-3-8-2	113 Nh Nihonium (284) 2-3-8-3	114 Fl Flerovium (289) 2-3-8-4	115 Mc Moscovium (290) 2-3-8-5	116 Lv Livermorium (293) 2-3-8-6	117 Ts Tennessine (294) 2-3-8-7	118 Og Oganesson (294) 2-3-8-8
89 Ac Actinium (227) 2-3-8-1	90 Th Thorium 232.04 2-3-8-2	91 Pa Protactinium 231.04 2-3-8-2	92 U Uranium 238.03 2-3-8-2	93 Np Neptunium (237) 2-3-8-2	94 Pu Plutonium (244) 2-3-8-2	95 Am Americium (243) 2-3-8-2	96 Cm Curium (247) 2-3-8-2	97 Bk Berkelium (247) 2-3-8-2	98 Cf Californium (251) 2-3-8-2	99 Es Einsteinium (252) 2-3-8-2	100 Fm Fermium (257) 2-3-8-2	101 Md Mendelevium (258) 2-3-8-2	102 No Nobelium (259) 2-3-8-2	103 Lr Lawrencium (260) 2-3-8-2	104 Rf Rutherfordium (261) 2-3-8-2	105 Db Dubnium (262) 2-3-8-2	106 Sg Seaborgium (263) 2-3-8-2	107 Bh Bohrium (264) 2-3-8-2	108 Hs Hassium (277) 2-3-8-2	109 Mt Meitnerium (268) 2-3-8-2	110 Ds Darmstadtium (281) 2-3-8-2	111 Rg Roentgenium (282) 2-3-8-2	112 Cn Copernicium (285) 2-3-8-2	113 Nh Nihonium (284) 2-3-8-3	114 Fl Flerovium (289) 2-3-8-4	115 Mc Moscovium (290) 2-3-8-5	116 Lv Livermorium (293) 2-3-8-6	117 Ts Tennessine (294) 2-3-8-7	118 Og Oganesson (294) 2-3-8-8
71 Lu Lutetium 174.97 2-3-8-3	70 Yb Ytterbium 173.05 2-3-8-3	69 Tm Thulium 168.93 2-3-8-3	68 Er Erbium 167.26 2-3-8-3	67 Ho Holmium 164.93 2-3-8-3	66 Dy Dysprosium 162.50 2-3-8-3	65 Tb Terbium 158.93 2-3-8-3	64 Gd Gadolinium 157.25 2-3-8-3	63 Eu Europium 151.96 2-3-8-3	62 Sm Samarium 150.36 2-3-8-3	61 Pm Promethium (145) 2-3-8-3	60 Nd Neodymium 140.91 2-3-8-3	59 Pr Praseodymium 140.91 2-3-8-3	58 Ce Cerium 140.12 2-3-8-3	57 La Lanthanum 138.91 2-3-8-3	71 Lu Lutetium 174.97 2-3-8-3	70 Yb Ytterbium 173.05 2-3-8-3	69 Tm Thulium 168.93 2-3-8-3	68 Er Erbium 167.26 2-3-8-3	67 Ho Holmium 164.93 2-3-8-3	66 Dy Dysprosium 162.50 2-3-8-3	65 Tb Terbium 158.93 2-3-8-3	64 Gd Gadolinium 157.25 2-3-8-3	63 Eu Europium 151.96 2-3-8-3	62 Sm Samarium 150.36 2-3-8-3	61 Pm Promethium (145) 2-3-8-3	60 Nd Neodymium 140.91 2-3-8-3	59 Pr Praseodymium 140.91 2-3-8-3	58 Ce Cerium 140.12 2-3-8-3	57 La Lanthanum 138.91 2-3-8-3

Al
Aluminum
26.982
2-3-3

Atomic Number → 13
Name → Aluminum
Electrons per shell → 2-3-3
Symbol ← Al
Atomic Weight ← 26.982

- Subcategory in the metal-metalloid-nonmetal trend (color of background)
- Alkali metals
 - Alkaline earth metals
 - Transition metals
 - Lanthanides
 - Actinides
 - Post-transition metals
 - Metalloids
 - Reactive nonmetals
 - Noble gases
- Unknown chemical properties

- State of matter (color of name)
- GAS
 - LIQUID
 - SOLID
 - UNKNOWN

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methods are accredited, please
refer to the Actlabs or SCC website

www.actlabs.com

